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State Labor

SUMMARY

Employment Security Commission
of North Carolina,
Labor Market Information Division

May 1989

State Labor Summary:
North Carolina

May 1989

Labor Market Information Division
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State Labor Summary: North Carolina May 1989

HIGHLIGHTS

North Carolina's unemployment rate after seasonal adjustments, was 3.7 percent in May 1989, dropping 0.6 from the prior month's rate of 4.3. For the nation, the adjusted unemployment rate was 5.2 for May . The national rate was 5.3 in April. From a year ago, the state's rate was 3.5 percent.

The civilian labor force for North Carolina in May was estimated at 3,467,000, a monthly decline of 11,000 from the April estimate of 3,478,000. From May 1988, the civilian labor force saw an increase of 136,000 people.

Employment, seasonally adjusted for May, moved upward to 3,340,000 from 3,330,000 in April for an increase of 10,000 workers. The number employed in May 1989 was 127,000 greater than in May 1988, for an increase of about 3.8 percent. The number of persons unemployed was 19,000 less in May (127,000) than in April (148,000). From May a year ago, the unemployed estimate (118,000) was down by 9,000.

In May, North Carolina's seasonally adjusted industry employment was 3,011,800, an increase of 3,600 from the prior month's estimate of 3,008,200. An over-the-month gain of 5,100 occurred in nonmanufacturing and employment in manufacturing fell by 1,500 . In manufacturing, tobacco (-1,300) was the big loser over the month. Employment gains in nonmanufacturing were most significant in the construction (+ 800) government (+2,700) and services(+1,800) industries.

A total of 53,800 employees were added to industry payrolls from May 1988-May 1989. Manufacturing employment increased by 2,400, as employment in nonmanufacturing was increasing by 51,400. The manufacturing gain was in durable goods industries. Gains of 900 workers occurred in the fabricated metal products, and 3,900 in machinery, exc. electrical. Nondurable goods industries produced a mixed bag of changes for an overall increase of 300.

In May 1989, 11,613 individuals were placed in jobs through the Employment Security Commission. Nearly one-half (5,282) of the individuals were placed in manufacturing industries. More than 2,774 persons founds jobs in the service industry, while 2,338 individuals were placed in the trade industry. By occupational category, 2,180 individuals were employed in packaging and material handling; 1,992 in bench work; 1,885 in services, except domestic; and 1,574 in machine trades.

Production workers in manufacturing earned $8.39 an hour in May. The average hours worked were 40.6, and average weekly earnings amounted to $340.63. There was an increase of $ .31 an hour in average hourly earnings from May 1988 . Workers in cigarette manufacturing earned the highest hourly pay at $17.91. In nonmanufacturing, workers in communications and public utilities averaged $12.43 an hour during May 1989.

Production workers in North Carolina manufacturing industries totalled 680,800 in May 1989. This is a decline of 1,000 from the April 1989 estimate of 681,800, and a decline of 700 from May 1988. Most major industry divisions registered small changes from the month ago levels. From May of last year, manufacturing lost 3,600 production workers in furniture.

Table 1

Employment Status of the North Carolina Civilian Population

May 1989

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: December 1988 through May 1989					
	May 1988	Dec. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989	Mar. 1989	Apr. 1989	May 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,899	4,959	4,967	4,975	4,983	4,991	5,000
Civilian Labor Force	3,331	3,371	3,435	3,390	3,415	3,478	3,467
Participation Rate	68.0	68.0	69.2	68.1	68.5	69.7	69.3
Employed	3,213	3,254	3,302	3,283	3,311	3,330	3,340
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	65.6	65.6	66.5	66.0	66.4	66.7	66.8
Unemployed	118	117	133	107	104	148	127
Unemployment Rate	3.5	3.5	3.9	3.2	3.0	4.3	3.7
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]							

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: March 1989 through May 1989		
	May 1988	Mar. 1989	Apr. 1989	May 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,899	4,983	4,991	5,000
Civilian Labor Force	3,308	3,379	3,424	3,441
Participation Rate[1]	67.5	67.8	68.6	68.8
Employed	3,198	3,269	3,288	3,324
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	65.3	65.6	65.9	66.5
Unemployed	110	110	136	118
Unemployment Rate	3.3	3.2	4.0	3.4
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	1.2	1.8	1.5	1.3

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Table 2

Employment Status of the United States Civilian Population

May 1989

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: December 1988 through May 1989					
	May 1988	Dec. 1988	Jan. 1988	Feb. 1989	Mar. 1989	Apr. 1989	May 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	184,374	185,402	185,644	185,777	185,897	186,024	186,181
Civilian Labor Force	121,203	122,563	123,428	123,181	123,264	123,659	123,610
Participation Rate[1]	65.7	66.1	66.5	66.3	66.3	66.5	66.4
Employed	114,403	116,009	116,711	116,853	117,136	117,113	117,215
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	62.0	62.6	62.9	62.9	63.0	63.0	63.0
Unemployed	6,800	6,554	6,716	6,328	6,128	6,546	6,395
Unemployment Rate	5.6	5.3	5.4	5.1	5.0	5.3	5.2
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: March 1989 through May 1989		
	May 1988	Mar. 1989	Apr. 1989	May 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	184,374	185,897	186,024	186,181
Civilian Labor Force	120,775	122,223	122,576	123,196
Participation Rate[1]	65.5	65.7	65.7	66.2
Employed	114,222	115,844	116,347	117,039
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	62.0	62.3	62.5	62.9
Unemployed	6,553	6,378	6,229	6,156
Unemployment Rate	5.4	5.2	5.1	5.0
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	1.9	2.5	2.2	1.9

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Figure 1

A Comparison of Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Seasonally Adjusted)

May 1988-May 1989

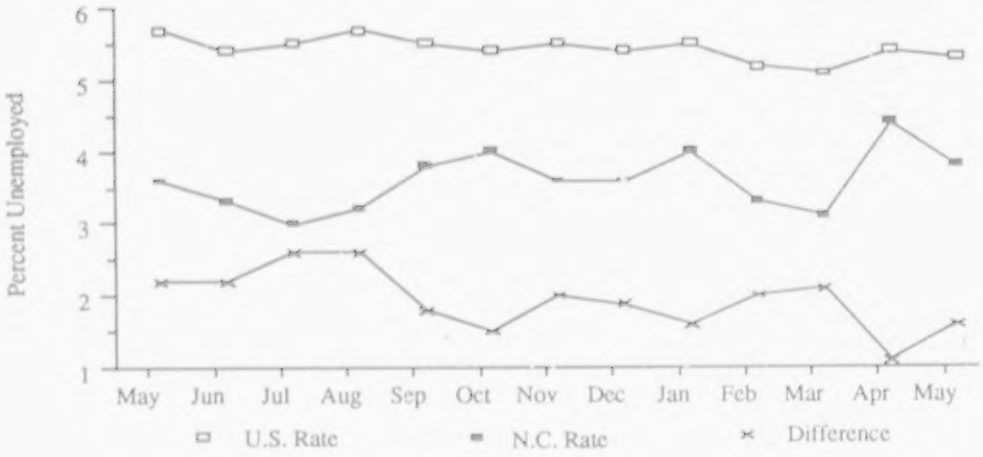

Figure 2

North Carolina Unemployment Rates (Adjusted and Unadjusted)

May 1988-May 1989

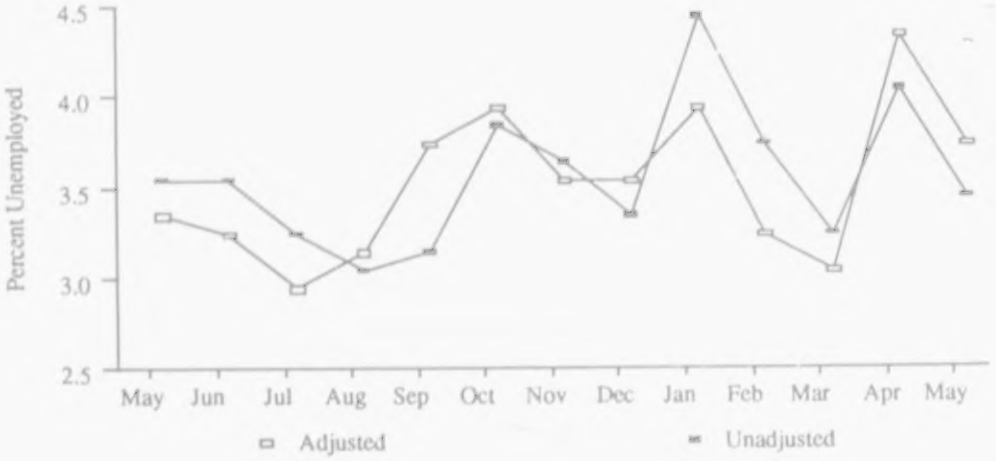

Table 3

Industry Employment in North Carolina

May 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment May 1989	Apr[2] 1989	May 1988	Change From: Apr 1989 Net	Apr 1989 Percent	May 1988 Net	May 1988 Percent
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force[3]	3,441.4	3,424.0	3,307.6	+ 17.4	+ 0.5	+ 133.8	+ 4.0
Employment, Total	3,323.7	3,288.0	3,197.7	+ 35.7	+ 1.1	+ 126.0	+ 3.9
Unemployment, Total	117.7	136.0	109.9	- 18.3	- 13.5	+ 7.8	+ 7.1
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	3.4	4.0	3.3	- 0.6	xxx	+ 0.1	xxx
(Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force[3]	3,467.0	3,478.0	3,331.0	- 11.0	- 0.3	+ 136.0	+ 4.1
Employment, Total	3,340.0	3,330.0	3,213.0	+ 10.0	+ 0.3	+ 127.0	+ 4.0
Unemployment, Total	127.0	148.0	118.0	- 21.0	- 14.2	+ 9.0	+ 7.6
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	3.7	4.3	3.5	- 0.6	xxx	+ 0.2	xxx
Total Nonagricultural Employment	3,011.8	3,008.2	2,957.7	+ 3.6	+ 0.1	+ 54.1	+ 1.8
Manufacturing	867.8	869.3	865.3	- 1.5	- 0.2	+ 2.5	+ 0.3
Durable Goods	356.0	355.5	354.0	+ 0.5	+ 0.1	+ 2.0	+ 0.6
Lumber & Wood Products	36.1	36.1	36.7	0.0	0.0	- 0.6	- 1.6
Sawmills & Planing Mills	12.0	12.0	12.2	0.0	0.0	- 0.2	- 1.6
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.0	9.2	9.4	- 0.2	- 2.2	- 0.4	- 4.3
Wood Bldgs. & Mobile Homes	4.8	4.8	4.5	- 0.2	- 4.2	+ 0.1	+ 2.2
Furniture & Fixtures	86.5	86.3	90.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.2	- 3.7	- 4.1
Household Furniture	76.6	76.6	80.1	0.0	0.0	- 3.5	- 4.4
Wood Household Furniture	38.9	38.8	40.9	+ 0.1	+ 0.3	- 2.0	- 4.9
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.1	32.1	33.3	0.0	0.0	- 1.2	- 3.6

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households
*Less than .05 percent

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

May 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment			Change From:			
	May 1989	Apr.[2] 1989	May 1988	Apr. 1989 Net	Apr. 1989 Percent	May 1988 Net	May 1988 Percent
Stone, Clay & Glass	21.6	21.6	21.2	0.0	0.0	+ 0.4	+ 1.9
Structural Clay Products	2.7	2.7	2.8	0.0	0.0	- 0.1	- 3.6
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Prods.	5.9	6.0	5.8	- 0.1	- 1.7	+ 0.1	+ 1.7
Primary Metal Products	13.0	12.9	12.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.8	+ 0.9	+ 7.4
Fabricated Metal Products	30.9	30.9	30.0	0.0	0.0	+ 0.9	+ 3.0
Fab. Struct. Metal Products	9.7	9.8	9.6	- 0.1	- 1.0	+ 0.1	+ 1.0
Machinery, exc. Electrical	63.1	62.8	59.2	+ 0.3	+ 0.5	+ 3.9	+ 6.6
Special Industry Machinery	7.9	7.9	7.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	58.8	58.9	59.1	- 0.1	- 0.2	- 0.3	- 0.5
Household Appliances	6.3	6.5	5.4	- 0.2	- 3.1	+ 0.9	+ 16.7
Transportation Equipment	27.4	27.4	26.9	0.0	0.0	+ 0.5	+ 1.9
Other Durable Goods[4]	18.6	18.6	18.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods	511.8	513.8	511.3	- 2.0	- 0.4	+ 0.5	+ 0.1
Food & Kindred Products	51.4	51.4	51.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Meat Products	23.5	23.7	23.6	- 0.2	- 0.8	- 0.1	- 0.4
Meat Packing Products	2.5	2.5	2.3	0.0	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 8.7
Dairy Products	2.9	2.8	3.0	+ 0.1	+ 3.6	- 0.1	- 3.3
Grain Mill Products	2.5	2.6	2.8	- 0.1	- 3.8	- 0.3	- 10.7
Bakery Products	8.4	8.4	8.0	0.0	0.0	+ 0.4	+ 5.0
Beverages	6.6	6.6	6.7	0.0	0.0	- 0.1	- 1.5
Tobacco Manufacturers	21.6	22.9	22.3	- 1.3	- 5.7	- 0.7	- 3.1
Cigarettes	17.1	18.1	17.9	- 1.0	- 5.5	- 0.8	- 4.5
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	4.0	4.8	3.9	- 0.8	- 16.7	+ 0.1	+ 2.6
Textile Mill Products	220.2	220.7	221.8	- 0.4	- 0.2	- 1.6	- 0.7
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	53.4	53.3	54.4	- 0.1	- 0.2	- 1.0	- 1.8
Weaving Mills, Cotton	24.2	24.2	26.5	0.0	0.0	- 2.3	- 8.7

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Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

May 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment May 1989	Apr.[2] 1989	May 1988	Change From: Apr. 1989 Net	Apr. 1989 Percent	May 1988 Net	May 1988 Percent
Knitting Mills	84.2	84.2	82.7	0.0	0.0	+ 1.5	+ 1.8
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	23.7	23.8	23.4	- 0.1	- 0.4	+ 0.3	+ 1.3
Hosiery, NEC	22.7	23.0	22.4	- 0.3	- 0.3	+ 0.3	+ 1.3
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	16.1	15.9	15.2	+ 0.2	+ 1.3	+ 0.9	+ 5.9
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	6.0	6.0	6.3	0.0	0.0	- 0.2	- 3.2
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	16.1	16.1	15.4	0.0	0.0	+ 0.7	+ 4.5
Yarn & Thread Mills	51.3	51.6	54.0	- 0.3	- 0.6	- 2.7	- 5.0
Apparel & Other Textile Products	86.8	87.1	86.4	- 0.3	- 0.3	+ 0.4	+ 0.5
Men's & Boy's Suits, Coats & Furnishings	30.0	30.1	29.5	- 0.1	- 0.3	+ 0.5	+ 1.7
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	35.0	35.4	36.6	- 0.4	- 1.1	- 1.6	- 4.4
Paper & Allied Products	21.5	21.5	21.8	0.0	0.0	- 0.3	- 1.4
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	9.8	9.8	10.1	0.0	0.0	- 0.3	- 3.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Printing & Publishing	29.9	30.0	29.5	- 0.1	- 0.3	+ 0.4	+ 1.4
Newspapers	10.8	10.8	10.4	0.0	0.0	+ 0.4	+ 3.8
Chemicals & Allied Products	42.2	41.9	40.7	+ 0.3	+ 0.7	+ 1.5	+ 3.7
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	13.7	13.6	13.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.7	+ 0.5	+ 3.8
Rubber & Misccellaneous Plastics Products	33.8	34.0	33.2	- 0.2	- 0.6	+ 0.6	+ 1.8
Other Nondurable Goods[5]	4.4	4.4	4.2	0.0	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 4.8
Nonmanufacturing	2,144.0	2,138.9	2,092.4	+ 5.1	+ 0.2	+ 51.6	+ 2.5
Mining	5.0	5.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 4.2
Construction	159.6	158.8	164.3	+ 0.8	+ 0.5	- 4.7	- 2.9
Transportation	149.2	149.2	146.6	0.0	0.0	+ 2.6	+ 1.8
Transportation, exc. Railroad	89.9	89.9	86.1	0.0	0.0	+ 3.8	+ 4.4
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	55.8	55.8	56.9	0.0	0.0	- 1.1	- 1.9

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[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
*Less than .05 percent

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

May 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment May 1989	Apr.[2] 1989	May 1988	Change From: Apr. 1989 Net	Apr. 1989 Percent	May 1988 Net	May 1988 Percent
Wholesale and Retail Trade	692.5	692.3	677.1	+ 0.2	*	+ 15.4	+ 2.3
Wholesale Trade	165.1	165.0	159.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 5.9	+ 3.7
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	98.6	98.5	95.8	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 2.8	+ 2.9
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	66.5	66.5	63.4	0.0	0.0	+ 3.1	+ 4.9
Retail Trade	527.4	527.3	517.9	+ 0.1	*	+ 9.5	+ 1.8
General Merchandise Stores	76.1	75.9	72.0	+ 0.2	+ 0.3	+ 4.1	+ 5.7
Food Stores	86.7	86.6	84.5	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 2.2	+ 2.6
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	131.7	132.1	129.4	- 0.4	- 0.3	+ 2.3	+ 1.8
Service & Miscellaneous[6]	544.1	542.3	518.0	+ 1.8	+ 0.3	+ 26.1	+ 5.0
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	27.6	28.3	28.0	- 0.7	- 2.5	- 0.4	- 1.4
Personal Services	32.4	32.0	31.1	+ 0.4	+ 1.3	+ 1.3	+ 4.2
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	14.2	13.8	13.6	+ 0.4	+ 2.9	+ 0.6	+ 4.4
Total Government	461.9	459.2	452.2	+ 2.7	+ 0.6	+ 9.7	+ 2.1
Federal	54.6	54.5	53.7	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	+ 0.9	+ 1.7
State	133.4	132.1	130.7	+ 1.3	+ 1.0	+ 2.7	+ 2.1
Education	70.2	69.2	68.2	+ 1.0	+ 1.4	+ 2.0	+ 2.9
Other	63.2	62.9	62.5	+ 0.3	+ 0.5	+ 0.7	+ 1.1
Local	273.9	272.6	267.8	+ 1.3	+ 0.5	+ 6.1	+ 2.3
Education	141.0	140.1	139.8	+ 0.9	+ 0.6	+ 1.2	+ 0.9
Other	132.9	132.5	128.0	+ 0.4	+ 0.3	+ 4.9	+ 3.8
All Other Nonag. Employment[7]	269.6	265.4	280.3	+ 4.2	+ 1.6	- 10.7	- 3.8
Agriculture	51.5	42.7	57.5	+ 8.8	+ 20.6	- 6.0	- 10.4

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
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[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
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[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
*Less than .05 percent.

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure 3

Composition of Nonagricultural Employment in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

May 1989

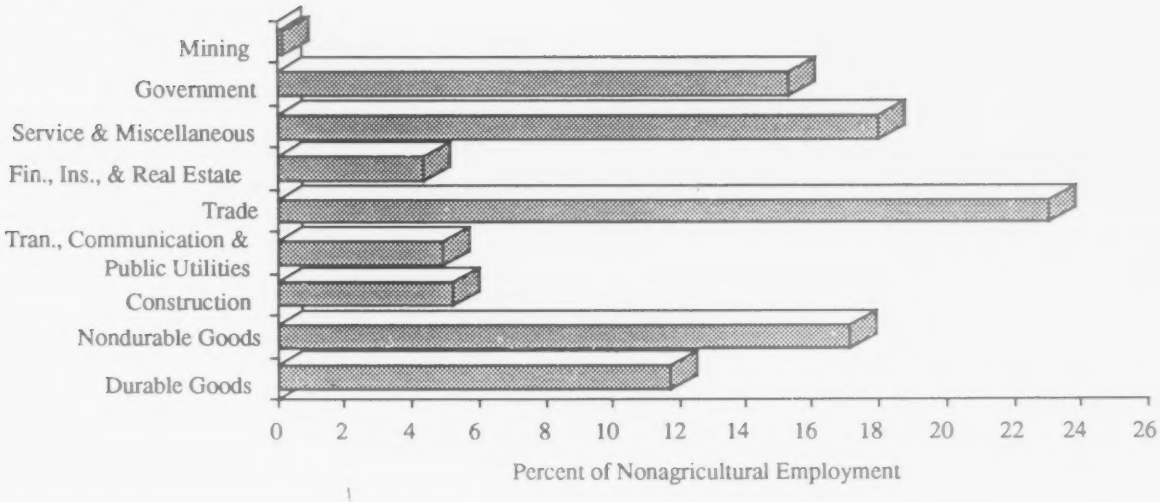


Figure 4

Employment Levels in Major Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

May 1989

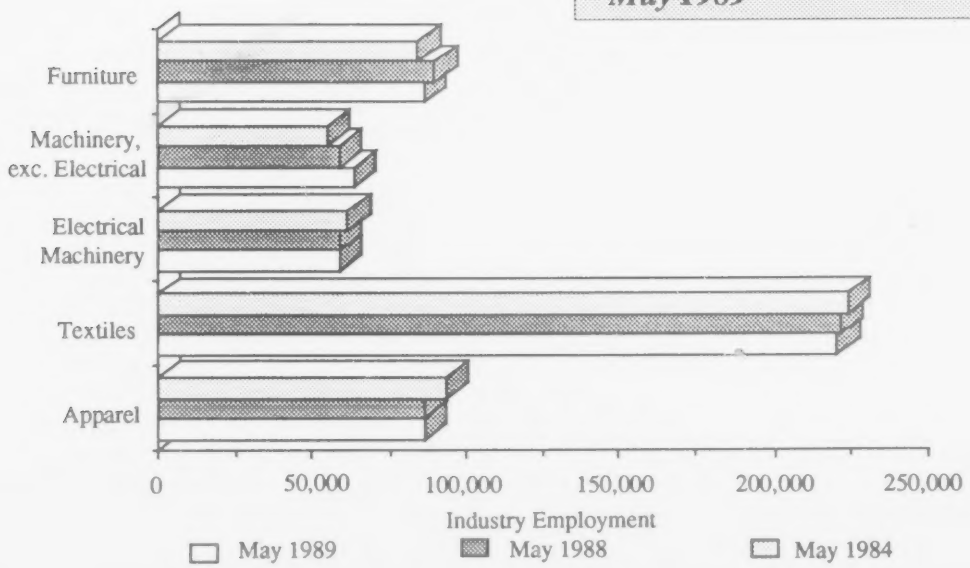


Table 4

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions May 1989[1]

Occupational Categories and Divisions	Total Individuals Placed[2]	Total Individuals Placed In Regular Jobs[2, 3]	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishery	Mining	Construction
Total	12,187	11,613	600	11	1,067
Professional, Technical & Managerial Occupations	460	459	1	0	5
Clerical Occupations	1,775	1,719	10	0	24
Sales Occupations	392	387	2	0	5
Domestic Service Occupations	113	87	3	0	1
Other Service Occupations	1,885	1,854	3	0	14
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishery & Related Occupations	1,160	688	542	0	27
Processing Occupations	952	952	0	0	2
Machine Trade Occupations	1,574	1,572	2	1	46
Benchwork Occupations	1,992	1,990	6	0	9
Structural Work Occupations	1,280	1,242	16	7	900
Motor Freight & Transportation Occupations	361	350	2	2	42
Packaging & Materials Handling Occupations	2,180	2,047	15	0	24
Miscellaneous Occupations	58	58	0	1	2

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1988 to June 30, 1989.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Table 4
(Continued)

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions May 1989[1]

Manufacturing	Transportation & Utilities	Wholesale & Retail Trade	Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	Services	Public Administration	Government
5,282	487	2,228	192	2,774	459	755
50	6	99	4	174	125	196
218	148	671	100	585	112	219
16	9	300	8	50	1	5
1	0	2	2	78	1	5
100	51	632	32	949	132	218
14	4	7	30	54	25	36
865	1	41	0	54	1	7
1,322	6	100	0	111	7	6
1,777	0	41	0	179	0	0
162	17	38	13	141	37	45
52	96	111	1	49	17	21
1,127	145	373	2	451	2	7
31	5	1	0	16	3	8

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1988 to June 30, 1989.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Figure 5

A Comparison of Insured Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

May 1988-May 1989

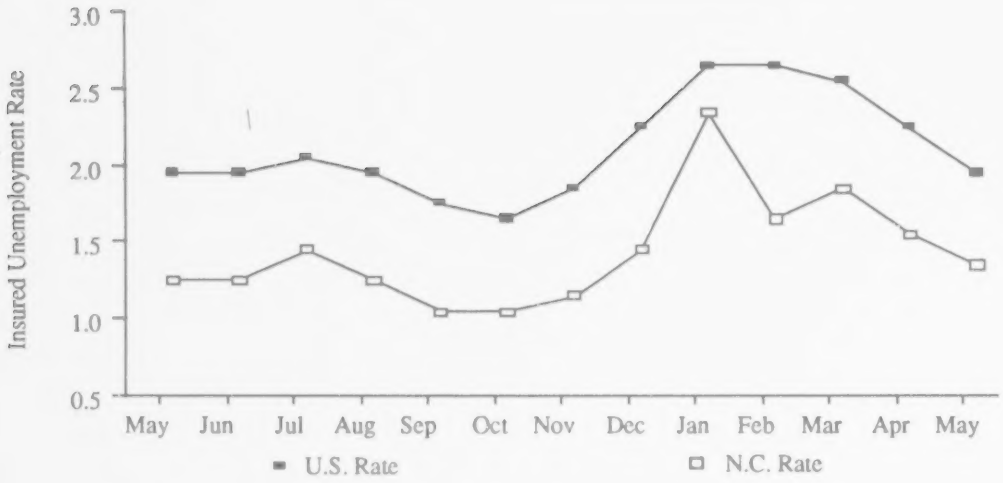
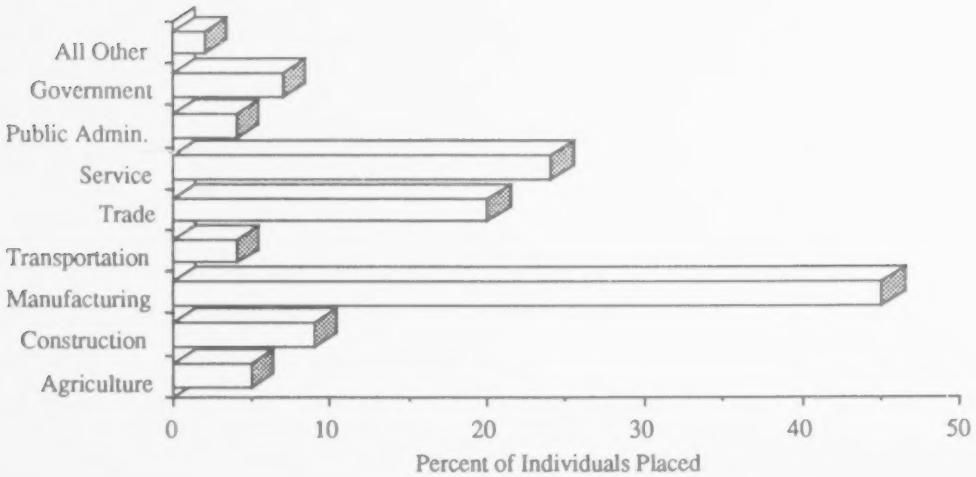


Figure 6

Individuals Placed in Jobs through the Employment Security Commission by Major Industrial Category

May 1989



Appendix

Table I *Detailed Industry Employment (not seasonally adjusted) in North Carolina*

Table II *Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-Supervisory Workers in North Carolina*

Figure I *Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina*

Figure II *Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Compared to the North Carolina Average*

Table III *Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina*

Table I

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

May 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment May 1989	Apr.[2] 1989	May 1988	Percent Change From: Apr. 1989	May 1988
Total Nonagricultural Employment	3,019.6	3,012.6	2,965.8	+ 0.2	+ 1.8
Manufacturing	866.1	867.0	863.7	- 0.1	+ 0.3
Durable Goods	355.4	355.3	353.3	0.0	+ 0.6
Lumber & Wood Products	36.2	36.3	36.8	- 0.3	- 1.6
Sawmills & Planing Mills	12.1	12.1	12.3	0.0	- 0.6
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.1	9.2	9.5	- 1.1	- 4.2
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	4.6	4.7	4.5	+ 2.1	+ 2.2
Furniture & Fixtures	86.3	86.7	90.0	- 0.5	- 4.1
Household Furniture	76.5	76.9	80.0	- 0.5	- 4.4
Wood Household Furniture	38.8	38.8	40.8	0.0	+ 4.9
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.1	32.2	33.3	- 0.3	- 3.6
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	21.6	21.6	21.2	0.0	+ 1.9
Structural Clay Products	2.7	2.7	2.8	0.0	- 3.6
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Products	6.0	6.0	5.9	0.0	+ 1.7
Primary Metal Industries	13.0	12.9	12.1	+ 0.8	+ 7.4
Fabricated Metal Industries	30.8	30.7	29.9	+ 0.3	+ 3.0
Fabricated Structural Metal Products	9.7	9.7	9.6	0.0	+ 1.0
Machinery, except Electrical	63.0	62.7	59.1	+ 0.5	+ 6.6
Special Industry Machinery	7.9	7.9	7.9	0.0	0.0
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	58.4	58.3	58.7	+ 0.2	- 0.5
Household Appliances	6.0	5.9	5.1	+ 1.7	+ 17.6
Transportation Equipment	27.6	27.6	27.1	0.0	+ 1.8
Other Durable Goods[3]	18.5	18.5	18.4	0.0	+ 0.5
Nondurable Goods	510.7	511.7	510.4	- 0.2	+ 0.1
Food & Kindred Products	50.9	50.7	50.9	+ 0.4	0.0
Meat Products	23.4	23.5	23.5	- 0.4	- 0.4
Meat Packing Plants	2.5	2.5	2.3	0.0	+ 8.7
Dairy Products	2.9	2.8	3.0	+ 3.6	- 3.3
Grain Mill Products	2.5	2.5	2.8	0.0	- 10.7
Bakery Products	8.4	8.4	8.0	0.0	+ 5.0
Beverages	6.7	6.5	6.8	+ 3.1	- 1.5

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

May 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment May 1989	Apr.[2] 1989	May 1988	Percent Change From: Apr. 1989	May 1988
Tobacco Manufacturers	20.2	21.3	21.3	- 5.2	- 5.3
Cigarettes	17.0	17.8	17.8	- 4.5	- 4.5
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	2.7	3.0	2.6	- 10.1	+ 3.8
Textile Mill Products	220.9	220.8	222.6	0.0	- 0.8
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	53.4	53.4	54.4	0.0	- 1.8
Weaving Mills, Cotton	24.2	24.2	26.5	0.0	- 8.7
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	27.9	27.9	26.9	0.0	+ 3.7
Knitting Mills	84.7	84.4	83.2	+ 0.4	+ 1.8
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	23.7	23.8	23.4	- 0.4	+ 1.3
Hosiery, NEC	22.8	22.9	22.5	- 0.4	+ 1.3
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	16.3	16.0	15.4	+ 1.9	+ 5.8
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	6.0	6.0	6.3	0.0	- 4.8
Textile Finishing, except Wool	16.1	16.1	15.4	0.0	+ 4.5
Yarn & Thread Mills	51.3	51.4	54.0	- 0.2	- 5.0
Apparel & Other Textile Products	86.6	86.8	86.2	- 0.2	+ 0.5
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	35.0	35.3	36.6	- 0.8	- 4.4
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	30.1	30.2	29.6	- 0.3	+ 1.7
Paper & Allied Products	21.4	21.5	21.7	- 0.5	- 1.4
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	9.7	9.8	10.0	- 1.0	- 3.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.0	0.0
Printing & Publishing	30.0	30.2	29.6	- 0.7	+ 1.4
Newspapers	10.8	10.8	10.4	0.0	+ 3.8
Chemicals & Allied Products	42.3	41.9	40.8	+ 1.0	+ 3.7
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	13.7	13.6	13.2	+ 0.7	+ 3.8
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	34.0	34.1	33.5	- 0.3	+ 1.5
Other Nondurable Goods[4]	4.4	4.4	4.2	0.0	+ 4.8

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
[6]Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

May 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment May 1989	Apr[2] 1989	May 1988	Percent Change From: Apr. 1989	May 1988
Nonmanufacturing	2,153.5	2,145.6	2,102.1	+ 0.4	+ 2.4
Mining	5.0	5.0	4.8	0.0	+ 4.2
Construction	160.9	157.8	165.7	+ 2.0	- 2.9
Transportation & Public Utilities	149.1	148.5	146.5	+ 0.4	+ 1.8
Transportation, except Railroad	89.5	89.3	85.6	+ 0.2	+ 4.6
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	56.0	55.6	57.1	+ 0.7	- 1.9
Wholesale & Retail Trade	691.9	686.7	676.5	+ 0.8	+ 2.3
Wholesale Trade	164.0	163.6	158.1	+ 0.2	+ 3.7
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	98.6	98.2	95.8	+ 0.4	+ 2.9
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	65.4	65.4	62.3	0.0	+ 5.0
Retail Trade	527.9	523.1	518.4	+ 0.9	+ 1.8
General Merchandise Stores	74.7	74.0	70.7	+ 0.9	+ 5.7
Food Stores	87.6	86.6	85.3	+ 1.2	+ 2.7
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	131.6	131.3	129.3	+ 0.2	+ 1.8
Service & Miscellaneous[4]	546.3	543.9	520.2	+ 0.4	+ 5.0
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	28.5	27.7	29.0	+ 2.9	- 1.7
Personal Services	32.3	32.5	31.0	- 0.6	+ 4.2
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	14.1	13.7	13.6	+ 2.9	+ 3.7
Health Services	137.8	137.2	130.4	+ 0.4	+ 5.7
Hospitals	56.6	56.4	52.4	+ 0.4	+ 8.0
Legal Services	13.2	13.1	12.8	+ 0.8	+ 3.1
Educational Services	32.8	35.0	32.5	- 6.3	+ 0.9
Total Government	468.7	472.4	459.1	- 0.8	+ 2.1
Federal	54.7	54.6	53.7	+ 0.2	+ 1.9
State	132.1	137.2	129.5	- 3.7	+ 2.0
Education	69.0	74.6	67.1	- 7.5	+ 2.8
Other	63.1	62.6	62.4	+ 0.8	+ 1.1
Local	281.9	280.6	275.9	+ 0.5	+ 2.2
Education	149.7	149.6	148.5	+ 0.1	+ 0.8
Other	132.2	131.0	127.4	+ 0.9	+ 3.8

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table II

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

May 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	May 1989	Apr.[3] 1989	May[3] 1988	May 1989	Apr.[3] 1989	May[3] 1988	May 1989	Apr.[3] 1989	May[3] 1988
Manufacturing	$340.63	$339.39	$324.82	40.6	40.5	40.2	$8.39	$8.38	$8.08
Durable Goods	352.29	353.16	338.18	40.4	40.5	40.5	8.72	8.72	8.35
Lumber & Wood Products	304.16	297.44	284.40	40.5	39.5	40.0	7.51	7.53	7.11
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	300.96	295.54	281.39	39.6	39.3	39.8	7.60	7.52	7.07
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	335.77	295.01	310.83	41.3	35.5	39.0	8.13	8.31	7.97
Furniture & Fixtures	291.04	290.27	281.94	37.7	37.6	38.1	7.72	7.72	7.40
Household Furniture	287.25	288.00	277.81	37.5	37.5	37.9	7.66	7.68	7.33
Wood Household Furniture	276.48	276.48	274.71	38.4	38.4	39.3	7.20	7.20	6.99
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	388.63	386.04	371.49	41.3	41.2	41.6	9.41	9.37	8.93
Structural Clay Products	319.60	318.80	310.13	39.9	39.8	40.7	8.01	8.01	7.62
Primary Metal Industries	426.29	425.70	410.55	42.8	43.0	42.9	9.96	9.90	9.57
Fabricated Metal Industries	389.48	381.41	366.87	41.7	41.1	40.9	9.34	9.28	8.97
Machinery, exc. Electrical	398.14	406.08	380.38	42.4	43.2	42.5	9.39	9.40	8.95
Special Industry Machinery	381.06	389.48	364.50	41.6	42.8	41.8	9.16	9.10	8.72
Electrical Machinery	386.98	392.92	385.95	41.3	41.8	41.5	9.37	9.40	9.30
Household Appliances	290.60	290.49	280.06	42.3	42.1	39.5	6.87	6.90	7.09
Transportation Equipment	409.34	412.91	392.84	42.2	42.7	43.6	9.70	9.67	9.01
Nondurable Goods	332.52	330.89	317.19	40.7	40.6	40.1	8.17	8.15	7.91
Food & Kindred Products	302.65	295.96	288.46	40.3	39.2	39.3	7.51	7.55	7.34
Meat Products	262.02	249.76	227.67	39.7	37.9	36.9	6.60	6.59	6.17
Meat Packing Products	389.98	378.39	351.50	47.5	46.6	43.6	8.12	8.03	8.00

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

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Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

May 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	May 1989	Apr.[3] 1989	May[3] 1988	May 1989	Apr.[3] 1989	May[3] 1988	May 1989	Apr.[3] 1989	May[3] 1988
Dairy Products	323.57	320.03	309.58	43.2	42.5	42.7	7.49	7.53	7.25
Grain Mill Products	343.31	335.65	348.80	42.7	43.7	43.1	8.04	8.10	7.89
Bakery Products	339.42	335.65	348.80	41.8	41.8	43.6	8.12	8.03	8.00
Beverages	509.84	523.63	574.03	39.4	39.4	41.8	12.94	13.29	13.70
Tobacco Manufacturers	646.32	604.04	634.00	39.7	37.8	40.0	16.28	15.98	15.85
Cigarettes	719.98	675.76	690.84	40.2	38.2	40.4	17.91	17.69	17.10
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	264.83	230.45	249.16	37.3	35.4	37.3	7.10	6.51	6.68
Textile Mill Products	303.81	306.03	285.63	41.0	41.3	40.4	7.41	7.41	7.07
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	339.06	339.87	312.40	41.5	41.6	40.0	8.17	8.17	7.81
Weaving Mills, Cotton	328.45	333.74	299.51	40.3	40.9	38.3	8.15	8.16	7.82
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	345.98	343.14	324.84	42.4	42.0	41.7	8.16	8.17	7.79
Knitting Mills	273.04	275.81	262.42	39.4	39.8	39.7	6.93	6.93	6.61
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	240.48	244.46	233.87	37.4	37.9	37.6	6.43	6.45	6.22
Hosiery, NEC	259.78	263.31	252.80	38.6	39.3	39.5	6.73	6.70	6.40
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	312.83	317.18	298.91	41.6	41.9	41.4	7.52	7.57	7.22
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	338.14	348.64	341.96	43.8	44.3	45.9	7.72	7.87	7.45
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	332.88	344.06	299.94	43.4	44.8	41.2	7.67	7.68	7.28
Yarn & Thread Mills	304.19	305.11	284.54	41.9	42.2	41.0	7.26	7.23	6.94
Apparel & Other Textile Products	224.65	220.98	206 83	38.6	38.1	37.2	5.82	5.80	5.56
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	207.18	202.21	190.32	37.6	36.9	36.6	5.51	5.48	5.20
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	224.41	220.13	209.02	38.1	37.5	36.8	5.89	5.87	5.68

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS..

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

May 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	May 1989	Apr.[3] 1989	May[3] 1988	May 1989	Apr.[3] 1989	May[3] 1988	May 1989	Apr.[3] 1989	May[3] 1988
Paper & Allied Products	514.21	494.21	519.41	43.8	42.9	44.7	11.74	11.52	11.62
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	696.47	654.55	717.60	45.7	43.9	48.0	15.24	14.91	14.95
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	397.03	389.16	387.29	42.6	42.3	42.7	9.32	9.20	9.07
Printing & Publishing	384.91	381.57	366.90	39.6	39.5	38.9	9.72	9.66	9.28
Newspapers	296.01	294.31	295.81	32.6	32.2	33.5	9.08	9.14	8.83
Chemicals & Allied Products	480.25	481.80	467.86	44.1	44.0	43.2	10.89	10.95	10.83
Plastics & Synthetics	529.36	532.15	539.90	45.4	45.6	45.6	11.66	11.67	11.84
Rubber & Misc. Plastics Products	418.20	422.50	413.34	40.8	41.3	41.5	10.25	10.23	9.96
Mining	456.01	443.21	465.57	47.6	47.0	49.9	9.58	9.43	9.33
Comm. & Elec., Gas & Sanitary Services	562.28	528.28	518.22	44.1	42.5	42.2	12.75	12.43	12.28
Wholesale & Retail Trade	215.83	215.15	210.56	31.6	31.5	32.0	6.83	6.83	6.58
Wholesale Trade	345.98	344.31	334.70	38.7	38.6	39.1	8.94	8.92	8.56
Retail Trade	179.08	178.77	176.10	29.6	29.5	30.0	6.05	6.06	5.87
General Merchandise Stores	163.35	161.46	160.33	27.0	27.0	27.5	6.05	5.98	5.83
Food Stores	188.13	190.89	184.18	30.1	30.3	30.8	6.25	6.30	5.98
Services, Hotels & Other Lodging Places	149.18	150.37	148.10	29.6	29.6	30.6	5.04	5.08	4.84
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	214.37	216.48	208.26	35.2	35.2	35.6	6.09	6.15	5.85

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure I

Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina

May 1989

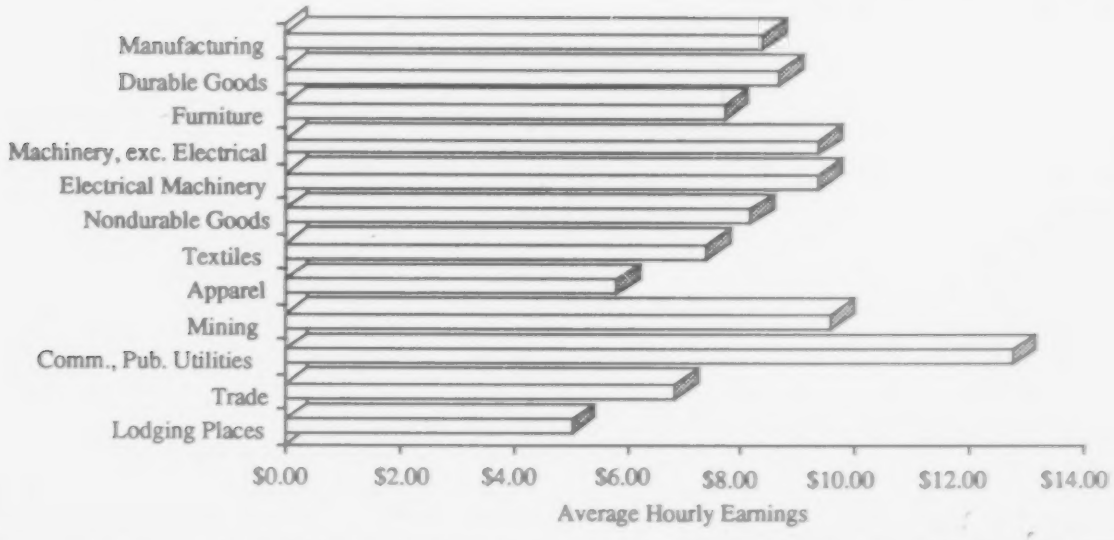

Figure II

Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Industries Compared to the North Carolina Average

May 1989

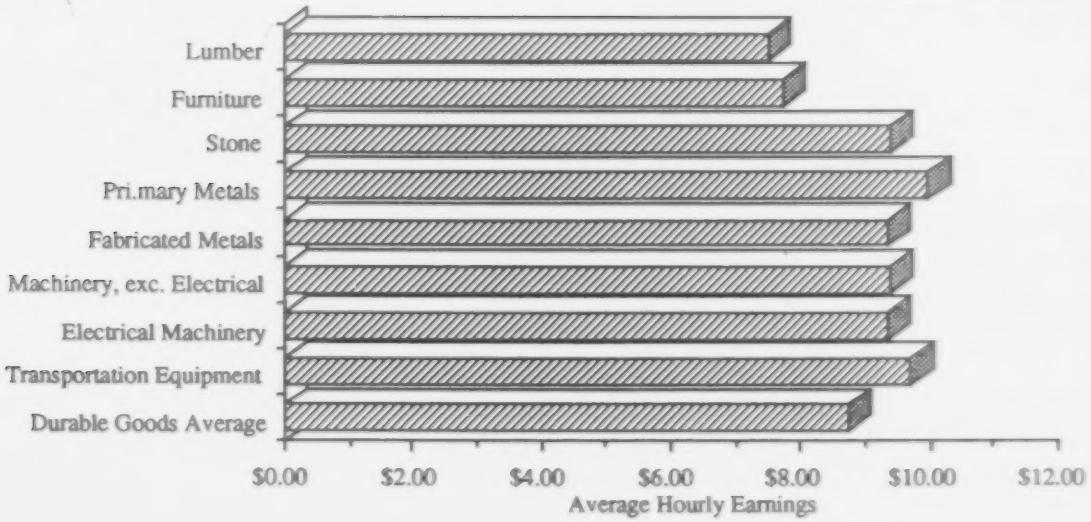

Table III

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

May 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	May 1989	Apr.[2] 1989	May 1988	Apr. 1989	May 1988
Manufacturing	680.8	681.8	681.5	- 0.1	- 0.1
Durable Goods	265.3	265.3	265.9	0.0	- 0.2
Lumber & Wood Products	30.3	30.4	31.0	- 0.3	- 2.3
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	7.6	7.7	8.1	- 1.3	- 10.7
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	3.8	3.8	3.6	0.0	+ 0.9
Furniture & Fixtures	75.2	75.5	78.8	- 0.4	- 4.6
Household Furniture	67.1	67.4	70.5	- 0.4	- 4.8
Wood Household Furniture	35.1	35.1	37.0	0.0	- 5.1
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	17.3	17.1	17.1	+ 1.2	+ 1.2
Structural Clay Products	2.1	2.1	2.2	0.0	- 4.5
Primary Metal Industries	9.9	9.9	9.1	0.0	+ 8.8
Fabricated Metal Industries	22.6	22.7	22.4	- 0.4	+ 0.9
Machinery, except Electrical	31.5	31.5	29.8	0.0	+ 5.7
Special Industry Machinery	5.2	5.2	5.3	0.0	- 1.9
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	42.1	41.8	41.9	+ 0.7	+ 0.5
Household Appliances	5.3	5.2	4.5	+ 1.9	+ 17.8
Transportation Equipment	22.6	22.6	22.0	0.0	+ 2.7
Other Durable Goods[3]	13.8	13.8	13.8	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods	415.0	416.5	415.6	- 0.2	0.0
Food & Kindred Products	36.0	36.1	36.3	- 0.3	- 0.8
Meat Products	20.4	20.5	20.7	- 0.5	- 1.4
Meat Packing Plants	1.8	1.8	1.6	- 0.5	- 1.4
Dairy Products	1.6	1.6	1.7	0.0	- 5.9
Grain Mill Products	1.7	1.7	2.0	0.0	- 15.0
Bakery Products	4.9	4.9	4.5	0.0	+ 8.9

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments and Miscellaneous Manufacturing.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table III

(Continued)

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

May 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers May 1989	Apr.[2] 1989	May 1988	Percent Change From: Apr. 1989	May 1988
Beverages	2.7	2.7	2.8	0.0	- 3.6
Tobacco Manufacturers	14.5	15.6	15.4	- 7.1	- 5.8
Cigarettes	12.1	12.9	13.3	- 6.2	- 9.0
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	2.0	2.3	1.7	- 13.0	+ 17.6
Textile Mill Products	195.7	195.3	196.5	+ 0.2	- 0.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	47.7	47.6	48.6	+ 0.2	- 1.9
Weaving Mills, Cotton	21.5	21.4	23.6	+ 0.5	- 8.9
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	25.1	25.1	24.2	0.0	+ 3.7
Knitting Mills	75.3	75.0	73.5	+ 0.4	+ 2.4
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	21.1	21.1	20.6	0.0	+ 2.4
Hosiery, NEC	20.7	20.8	20.3	- 0.5	+ 2.0
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	14.2	14.0	13.4	+ 1.4	+ 6.0
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	5.2	5.2	5.5	0.0	- 5.5
Textile Finishing, except Wool	13.6	13.6	13.0	0.0	+ 4.6
Yarn & Thread Mills	46.5	46.4	48.8	+ 0.2	- 4.7
Apparel & Other Textile Products	75.2	75.5	74.9	- 0.4	+ 0.4
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	26.2	26.4	25.5	- 0.8	+ 2.7
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	30.2	30.5	31.9	- 1.0	- 5.3
Paper & Allied Products	16.2	16.3	16.3	- 0.6	- 0.6
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	6.9	7.0	7.1	- 1.4	- 2.8
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	6.2	6.2	6.1	0.0	+ 1.6
Printing & Publishing	18.6	18.7	18.4	- 0.5	+ 1.1
Newspapers	4.2	4.2	4.1	0.0	+ 2.4
Chemicals & Allied Products	27.6	27.5	26.7	+ 0.4	+ 3.4
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	10.0	10.0	9.6	0.0	+ 4.2
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	27.9	27.8	27.5	+ 0.4	+ 1.5
Other Nondurable Goods	3.8	3.7	3.6	- 2.7	+ 5.6

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION
OF NORTH CAROLINA
RALEIGH, N. C. 27611

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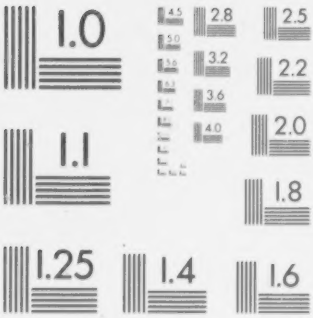

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State Labor

SUMMARY

Employment Security Commission
of North Carolina,
Labor Market Information Division

June 1989

State Labor Summary:
North Carolina

June 1989

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State Labor Summary: North Carolina June 1989

HIGHLIGHTS

North Carolina's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in June 1989 was 3.7 percent, dropping 0.3 from the May 1989 rate of 3.4. In June 1988 the state's unemployment rate was 3.5. For the nation, the adjusted unemployment rate was 5.4 in June . The national rate was 5.4 in May.

The civilian labor force for North Carolina in June was estimated at 3,463,000, a monthly decline of 4,000 from the May estimate of 3,467,000. From June 1988, the civilian labor force saw an increase of 128,000 people.

Employment, seasonally adjusted for June, moved upward to 3,358,000 from 3,323,700 in May for an increase of 34,700 workers. The number employed in June 1989 was 114,800 greater than in June 1988, for an increase of about 3.5 percent. The number of persons unemployed increased by 13,100 in June (130,800) from (117,700) in May. From a year ago (117,000), the unemployed estimate was up by 13,800.

In June, North Carolina's seasonally adjusted industry employment reached 3,015,500, an increase of 2,800 from the prior month's estimate of 3,012,700. An over-the-month gain of 3,200 occurred in nonmanufacturing as employment in manufacturing fell by 400 . In manufacturing, both gains and losses were small throughout. Employment gains in nonmanufacturing were most significant in the services industry (+2,500).

From June 1988-June 1989 a total of 52,500 employees were added to industry payrolls. Manufacturing employment increased by 1,800, to a level of 869,500 as employment in nonmanufacturing was increasing by 50,700 to a level of 2,166,300. The manufacturing gain was in durable goods industries. Gains of 1,000 workers occurred in the fabricated metal products, and 3,800 in machinery, exc. electrical. Nondurable goods industries produced a mixed bag of changes for an overall increase of 200.

There were 15,167 persons placed in jobs through the Employment Security Commission in June 1989. Of these, 5,325 were placed in manufacturing industries. More than 3,388 persons founds jobs in the service industry, while 2,206 individuals were placed in the trade industry. By occupational category, 2,519 individuals were employed in packaging and material handling; 1,856 in bench work; 2,470 in services, except domestic; and 1,289 in machine trades.

Production workers in North Carolina's manufacturing industries earned $8.40 an hour in June. The average hours worked were 40.7, and average weekly earnings amounted to $341.88. There was an increase of $ .30 an hour in average hourly earnings from June 1988 . Workers in cigarette manufacturing were the highest hourly wage earners at $18.50. In nonmanufacturing, the average hourly earnings were highest among workers in communications and public utilities at $12.56.

The number of production workers in North Carolina's manufacturing industries increased by 2,000, from 680,600 in May to 682,600 in June. All of this increase was in nondurable goods (+2,200). The largest over-the-month gainers were in food (+600) and textiles (+500). From June of last year, manufacturing lost 2,000 production workers. This loss occurred the manufacture of household furniture.

Table 1

Employment Status of the North Carolina Civilian Population

June 1989

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: January 1989 through June 1989					
	June 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989	Mar. 1989	Apr. 1989	May 1989	June 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,908	4,967	4,975	4,983	4,991	5,000	5,006
Civilian Labor Force	3,335	3,435	3,390	3,415	3,478	3,467	3,463
Participation Rate[1]	68.0	69.2	68.1	68.5	69.7	69.3	69.2
Employed	3,225	3,302	3,283	3,311	3,330	3,340	3,339
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	65.7	66.5	66.0	66.4	66.7	66.8	66.7
Unemployed	110	133	107	104	148	127	124
Unemployment Rate	3.3	3.9	3.2	3.0	4.3	3.7	3.6
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: April 1989 through June 1989		
	June 1988	Apr. 1989	May 1989	June 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,908	4,991	5,000	5,006
Civilian Labor Force	3,361	3,424	3,441	3,489
Participation Rate[1]	68.5	68.6	68.8	69.7
Employed	3,244	3,288	3,324	3,358
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	66.1	65.9	66.5	67.1
Unemployed	117	136	118	131
Unemployment Rate	3.5	4.0	3.4	3.7
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.2

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Table 2

Employment Status of the United States Civilian Population

June 1989

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: January 1989 through June 1989					
	June 1988	Jan. 1988	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1989	Apr. 1989	May 1989	June 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	184,562	185,644	185,777	185,897	186,024	186,181	186,329
Civilian Labor Force	121,524	123,428	123,181	123,264	123,659	123,610	124,102
Participation Rate[1]	65.8	66.5	66.3	66.3	66.5	66.4	66.6
Employed	115,001	116,711	116,853	117,136	117,113	117,215	117,541
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	62.3	62.9	62.9	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.1
Unemployed	6,523	6,716	6,328	6,128	6,546	6,395	6,561
Unemployment Rate	5.4	5.4	5.1	5.0	5.3	5.2	5.3
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	INA

Not Seasonally Adjusted	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: April 1989 through June 1989		
	June 1988	Apr. 1989	May 1989	June 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	184,562	186,024	186,181	186,329
Civilian Labor Force	123,028	122,576	123,196	125,569
Participation Rate[1]	66.7	65.7	66.2	67.4
Employed	116,209	116,347	117,039	118,719
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	63.0	62.5	62.9	63.7
Unemployed	6,819	6,229	6,156	6,850
Unemployment Rate	5.5	5.1	5.0	5.5
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	1.9	2.2	1.9	INA

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Figure 1

A Comparison of Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Seasonally Adjusted)

June 1988-June 1989

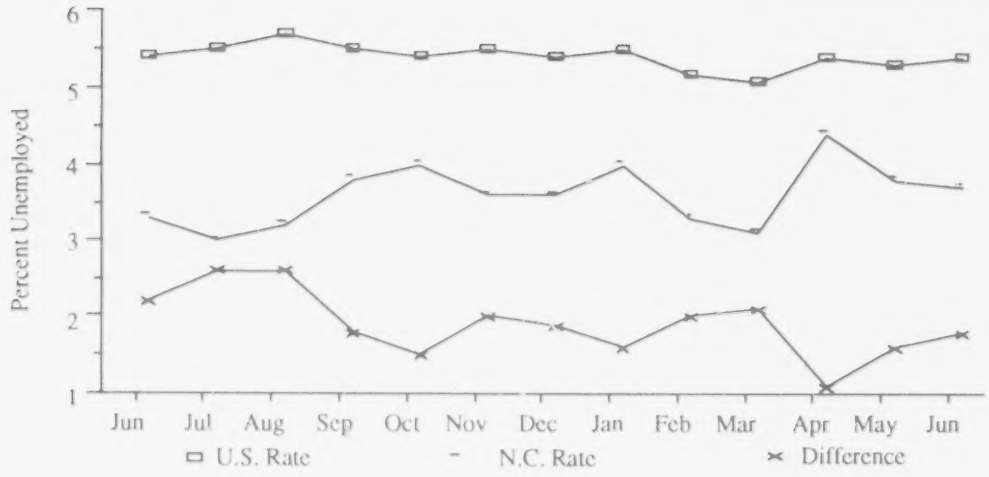

Figure 2

North Carolina Unemployment Rates (Adjusted and Unadjusted)

June 1988-June 1989

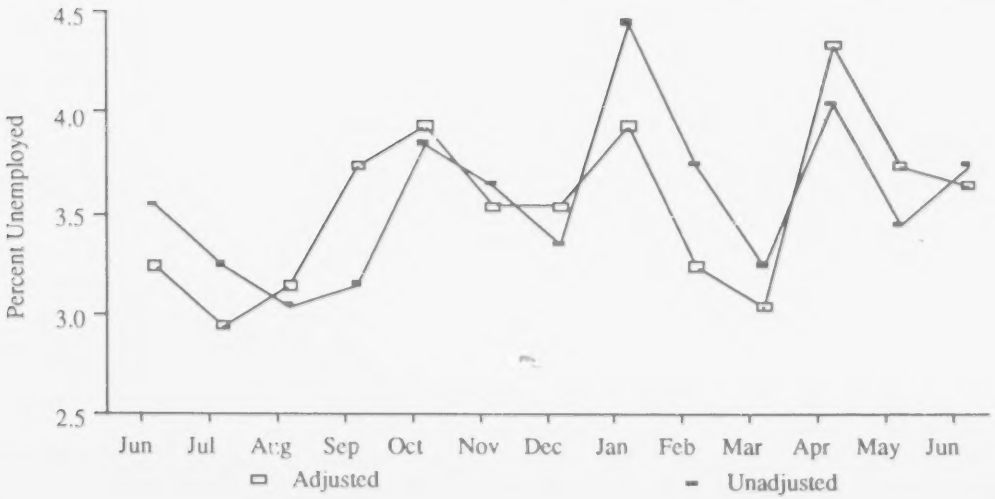

Table 3

Industry Employment in North Carolina

June 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment			Change From:			
				May 1989		June 1988	
	June 1989	May[2] 1989	June 1988	Net	Percent	Net	Percent
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force[3]	3,489.2	3,441.4	3,360.6	+ 47.8	+ 1.4	+ 128.6	+ 3.8
Employment, Total	3,358.4	3,323.7	3,243.6	+ 34.7	+ 1.0	+ 114.8	+ 3.5
Unemployment, Total	130.8	117.7	117.0	+ 13.1	+ 11.1	+ 13.8	+ 11.8
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	3.7	3.4	3.5	+ 0.3	xxx	+ 0.2	xxx
(Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force[3]	3,463.0	3,467.0	3,335.0	- 4.0	- 0.1	+ 128.0	+ 3.8
Employment, Total	3,339.0	3,340.0	3,225.0	- 1.0	*	+ 114.0	+ 3.5
Unemployment, Total	124.0	127.0	110.0	- 3.0	- 2.4	+ 14.0	+ 12.7
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	3.6	3.7	3.3	- 0.1	xxx	+ 0.3	xxx
Total Nonagricultural Employment	3,015.5	3,012.7	2,963.2	+ 2.8	+ 0.1	+ 52.3	+ 1.8
Manufacturing	867.2	867.6	865.1	- 0.4	*	+ 2.1	+ 0.2
Durable Goods	355.3	355.7	353.4	- 0.4	- 0.1	+ 1.9	+ 0.5
Lumber & Wood Products	36.0	36.0	36.6	0.0	0.0	- 0.6	- 1.6
Sawmills & Planing Mills	11.9	12.0	12.1	- 0.1	- 0.8	- 0.2	- 1.7
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	8.9	9.0	9.4	- 0.1	- 1.1	- 0.5	- 5.3
Wood Bldgs. & Mobile Homes	4.7	4.6	4.6	+ 2.2	+ 2.2	+ 0.1	+ 2.2
Furniture & Fixtures	87.0	86.4	89.7	+ 0.6	+ 0.7	- 2.7	- 3.0
Household Furniture	76.9	76.5	79.8	+ 0.4	+ 0.5	- 2.9	- 3.6
Wood Household Furniture	39.0	38.9	40.8	+ 0.1	+ 0.3	- 1.8	- 4.4
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.3	32.0	33.1	+ 0.3	+ 0.9	- 0.8	- 2.4

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households
*Less than .05 percent

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

June 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment June 1989	May[2] 1989	June 1988	Change From: May 1989 Net	May 1989 Percent	June 1988 Net	June 1988 Percent
Stone, Clay & Glass	21.7	21.6	21.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.5	+ 0.6	+ 2.8
Structural Clay Products	2.7	2.7	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Prods.	5.9	5.9	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Products	13.0	13.0	12.2	0.0	0.0	+ 0.8	+ 6.6
Fabricated Metal Products	31.1	30.9	30.1	+ 0.2	+ 0.6	+ 1.0	+ 3.3
Fab. Struct. Metal Products	9.7	9.7	9.6	0.0	0.0	+ 0.1	+ 1.0
Machinery, exc. Electrical	63.0	63.0	59.2	0.0	0.0	+ 3.8	+ 6.4
Special Industry Machinery	7.7	7.9	7.8	- 0.2	- 2.5	- 0.1	- 1.3
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	58.0	58.5	58.9	- 0.5	- 0.9	- 0.9	- 1.5
Household Appliances	5.9	6.3	5.4	- 0.4	- 6.3	+ 0.5	+ 9.3
Transportation Equipment	27.0	27.5	27.1	- 0.5	- 1.8	- 0.1	- 0.4
Other Durable Goods[4]	18.5	18.8	18.5	- 0.3	- 1.6	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods	511.9	511.9	511.7	0.0	0.0	+ 0.2	*
Food & Kindred Products	51.3	51.6	51.0	- 0.3	- 0.6	+ 0.3	+ 0.6
Meat Products	23.8	23.8	23.7	0.0	0.0	+ 0.1	+ 0.4
Meat Packing Products	2.4	2.5	2.3	- 0.1	- 4.0	- 0.1	- 4.3
Dairy Products	2.9	2.8	3.0	+ 0.1	+ 3.6	- 0.1	- 3.3
Grain Mill Products	2.6	2.5	2.8	+ 0.1	+ 4.0	- 0.2	- 7.1
Bakery Products	8.5	8.4	8.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.2	+ 0.4	+ 4.9
Beverages	6.5	6.6	6.6	- 0.1	- 1.5	- 0.1	- 1.5
Tobacco Manufacturers	21.4	21.6	23.1	- 0.2	- 0.9	- 1.7	- 7.4
Cigarettes	16.8	17.1	18.3	- 0.3	- 1.8	- 1.5	- 8.2
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	4.4	4.0	4.5	+ 0.4	+ 10.0	- 0.1	- 2.2
Textile Mill Products	220.1	220.0	221.7	+ 0.1	0.0	- 1.6	- 0.7
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	53.0	53.3	54.4	- 0.3	- 0.6	- 1.4	- 2.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	24.0	24.2	26.4	- 0.2	- 0.8	- 2.4	- 9.1
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	27.8	27.7	27.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.4	+ 0.7	+ 2.6

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
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[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
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*Less than .05 percent.

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

June 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment June 1989	May[2] 1989	June 1988	Change From: May 1989 Net	May 1989 Percent	June 1988 Net	June 1988 Percent
Knitting Mills	83.9	84.1	82.4	- 0.2	- 0.2	+ 1.5	+ 1.8
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	23.5	23.6	23.3	- 0.1	- 0.4	+ 0.2	+ 0.9
Hosiery, NEC	22.5	22.8	22.3	- 0.3	- 1.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.9
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	16.3	16.1	15.2	+ 0.2	+ 1.2	+ 1.1	+ 7.2
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	5.9	6.0	6.2	- 0.1	- 1.7	- 0.3	- 4.8
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	16.3	16.1	15.3	+ 0.2	+ 1.2	+ 1.0	+ 6.5
Yarn & Thread Mills	51.4	51.3	54.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	- 2.7	- 5.0
Apparel & Other Textile Products	86.9	86.9	86.4	0.0	0.0	+ 0.5	+ 0.6
Men's & Boy's Suits, Coats & Furnishings	30.1	30.0	29.9	+ 0.1	+ 0.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.7
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	35.1	35.1	36.4	0.0	+ 0.6	- 1.3	- 3.6
Paper & Allied Products	21.6	21.5	21.8	+ 0.1	+ 0.5	- 0.2	- 0.9
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	9.7	9.8	10.0	- 0.1	- 1.0	- 0.3	- 3.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	8.1	8.0	8.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.3	0.0	0.0
Printing & Publishing	30.2	30.0	29.4	+ 0.2	+ 0.7	+ 0.8	+ 2.7
Newspapers	10.8	10.8	10.4	0.0	0.0	+ 0.4	+ 3.8
Chemicals & Allied Products	42.0	42.1	40.6	- 0.1	- 0.2	+ 1.4	+ 3.4
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	13.7	13.7	13.2	0.0	0.0	+ 0.5	+ 3.8
Rubber & Misccellaneous Plastics Products	34.0	33.8	33.5	+ 0.2	+ 0.6	+ 0.5	+ 1.5
Other Nondurable Goods[5]	4.4	4.4	4.2	0.0	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 4.8
Nonmanufacturing	2,148.3	2,145.1	2,098.1	+ 3.2	+ 0.1	+ 50.2	+ 2.4
Mining	5.0	5.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 4.2
Construction	159.5	159.9	164.4	- 0.4	- 0.3	- 4.9	- 3.0
Transportation	150.3	149.7	147.6	+ 0.6	+ 0.4	+ 2.7	+ 1.8
Transportation, exc. Railroad	90.3	90.4	86.1	- 0.1	- 0.1	+ 4.2	+ 4.9
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	55.9	55.8	57.3	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	- 1.4	- 2.4

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*Less than .05 percent

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

June 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment June 1989	May[2] 1989	June 1988	Change From: May 1989 Net	May 1989 Percent	June 1988 Net	June 1988 Percent
Wholesale and Retail Trade	692.8	692.6	677.4	+ 0.2	0.0	+ 15.4	+ 2.3
Wholesale Trade	165.4	165.1	159.9	+ 0.3	+ 0.2	+ 5.5	+ 3.4
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	99.0	98.6	96.6	+ 0.4	+ 0.4	+ 2.4	+ 2.5
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	66.4	66.5	63.3	- 0.1	- 0.2	+ 3.1	+ 4.9
Retail Trade	527.4	527.5	517.5	- 0.1	*	+ 9.9	+ 1.9
General Merchandise Stores	76.6	76.0	72.3	+ 0.6	+ 0.8	+ 4.3	+ 5.9
Food Stores	86.9	86.7	84.6	+ 0.2	+ 0.2	+ 2.3	+ 2.7
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	132.2	131.8	130.2	+ 0.4	+ 0.3	+ 2.0	+ 1.5
Service & Miscellaneous[6]	546.2	543.7	520.6	+ 2.5	+ 0.5	+ 25.6	+ 4.9
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	27.4	27.6	27.7	- 0.2	- 0.7	- 0.3	- 1.1
Personal Services	32.6	32.4	31.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.6	+ 1.3	+ 4.2
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	14.2	14.2	13.9	0.0	0.0	+ 0.3	+ 2.2
Total Government	462.3	462.4	453.1	- 0.1	0.0	+ 9.2	+ 2.0
Federal	54.6	54.7	53.5	- 0.1	- 0.2	+ 1.1	+ 2.1
State	133.0	133.6	131.1	- 0.6	- 0.4	+ 1.9	+ 1.4
Education	69.8	70.2	68.5	- 0.4	- 0.6	+ 1.3	+ 1.9
Other	63.2	63.4	62.6	- 0.2	- 0.3	+ 0.6	+ 1.0
Local	274.7	247.1	268.5	+ 0.6	+ 0.2	+ 6.2	+ 2.3
Education	141.6	141.1	140.6	+ 0.5	+ 0.4	+ 1.0	+ 0.7
Other	133.1	133.0	127.9	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 5.2	+ 4.1
All Other Nonag. Employment[7]	262.8	269.6	281.4	- 6.8	- 2.5	- 18.6	- 6.6
Agriculture	54.9	62.9	57.9	- 8.0	- 12.7	- 3.0	- 5.2

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[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
*Less than .05 percent.

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure 3

Composition of Nonagricultural Employment in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

June 1989

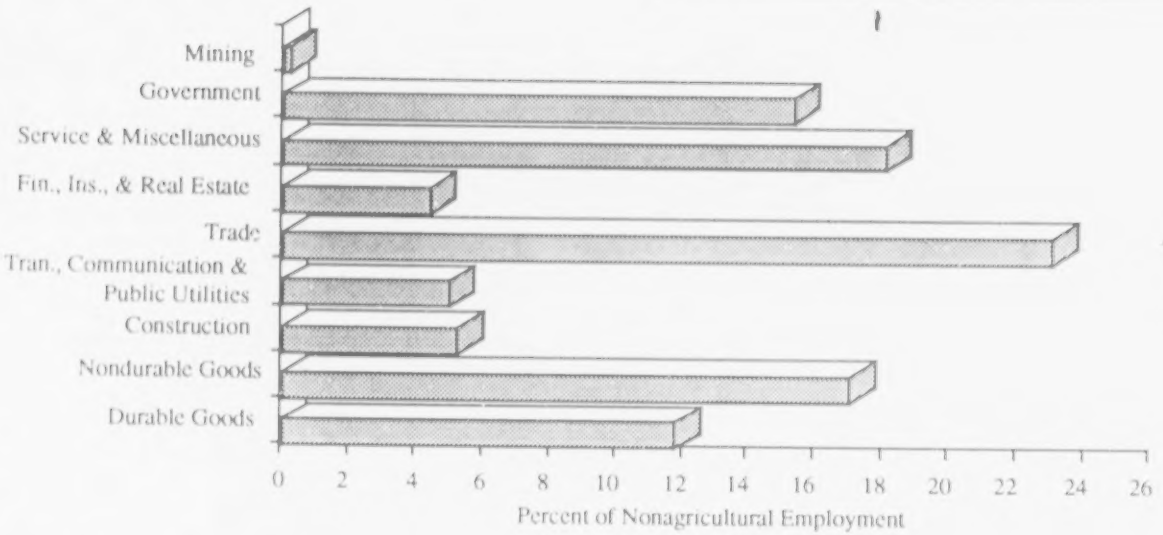


Figure 4

Employment Levels in Major Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

June 1989

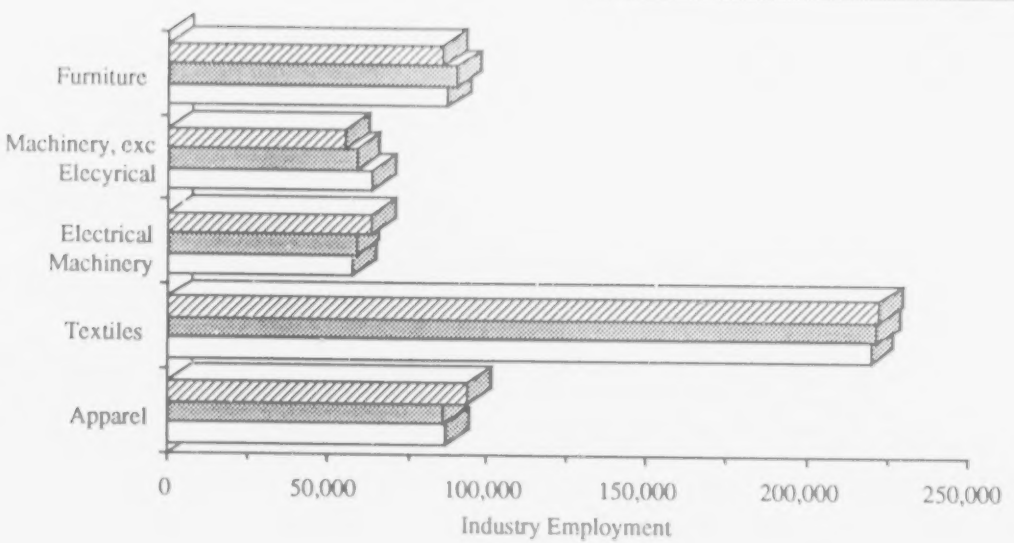


Figure 5

A Comparison of Insured Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

June 1988-June 1989

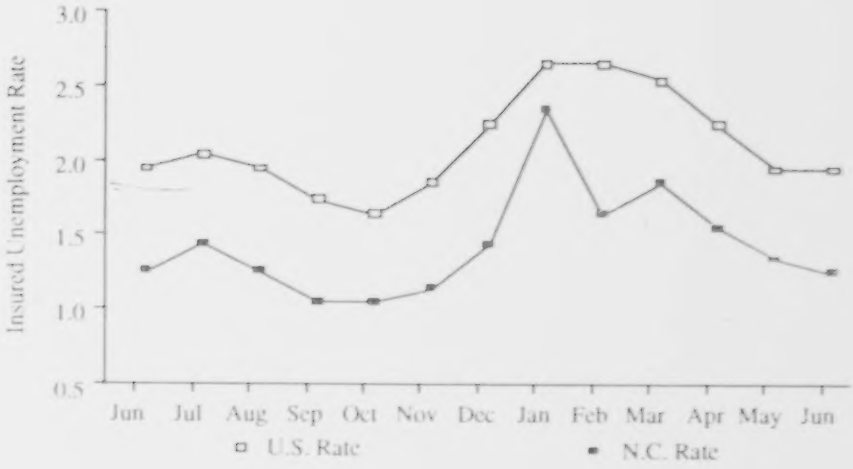
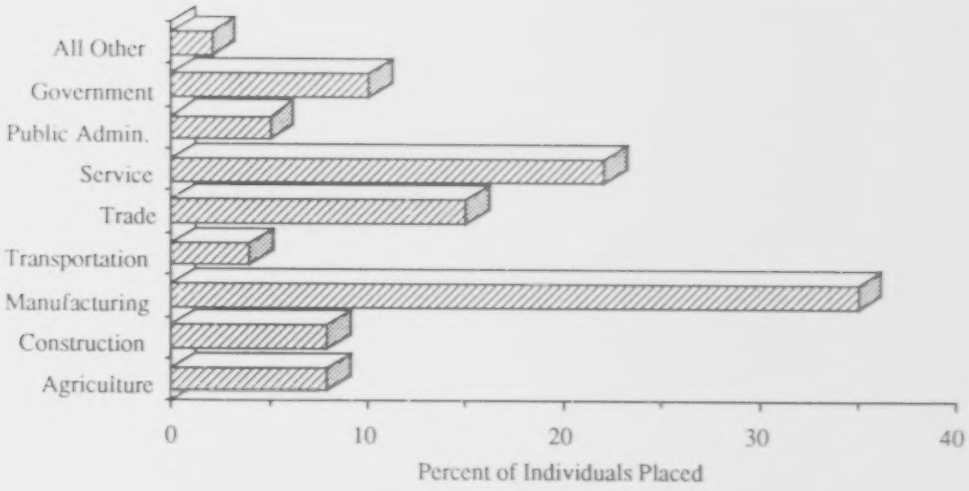


Figure 6

Individuals Placed in Jobs through the Employment Security Commission by Major Industrial Category

June 1989



Appendix

Table I *Detailed Industry Employment (not seasonally adjusted) in North Carolina*

Table II *Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-Supervisory Workers in North Carolina*

Figure I *Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina*

Figure II *Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Compared to the North Carolina Average*

Table III *Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina*

Table I

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

June 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment June 1989	May[2] 1989	June 1988	Percent Change From: May 1989	June 1988
Total Nonagricultural Employment	3,035.8	3,020.2	2,983.3	+ 0.5	+ 1.8
Manufacturing	869.5	865.6	867.7	+ 0.5	+ 0.2
Durable Goods	356.0	354.8	354.4	+ 0.3	+ 0.5
Lumber & Wood Products	36.2	36.1	37.1	+ 0.3	- 2.4
Sawmills & Planing Mills	12.1	12.1	12.4	0.0	- 2.4
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.1	9.1	9.6	0.0	- 5.2
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	4.7	4.6	4.6	+ 2.2	+ 2.2
Furniture & Fixtures	86.6	86.2	89.3	+ 0.5	- 3.0
Household Furniture	76.5	76.4	79.4	+ 0.1	- 3.7
Wood Household Furniture	38.9	38.8	40.7	+ 0.3	+ 4.4
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.2	32.0	33.1	+ 0.6	- 2.4
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	21.9	21.6	21.3	+ 1.4	+ 2.8
Structural Clay Products	2.8	2.7	2.8	+ 3.7	0.0
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Products	6.0	6.0	6.0	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	13.0	13.0	12.2	0.0	+ 6.6
Fabricated Metal Industries	31.1	30.8	30.1	+ 1.0	+ 3.3
Fabricated Structural Metal Products	9.8	9.7	9.7	+ 1.0	+ 1.0
Machinery, except Electrical	63.1	62.9	59.3	+ 0.3	+ 6.4
Special Industry Machinery	7.8	7.9	7.9	- 1.3	- 1.3
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	58.2	58.1	59.2	+ 0.2	- 1.7
Household Appliances	5.9	6.0	5.4	- 1.7	+ 9.3
Transportation Equipment	27.3	27.7	27.4	- 1.4	- 0.4
Other Durable Goods[3]	18.6	18.4	18.5	+ 1.1	+ 0.5
Nondurable Goods	513.5	510.8	513.3	+ 0.5	*
Food & Kindred Products	52.1	51.1	51.8	+ 2.0	+ 0.6
Meat Products	23.9	23.7	23.8	+ 0.8	+ 0.4
Meat Packing Plants	2.4	2.5	2.3	- 4.0	+ 4.3
Dairy Products	2.9	2.8	3.0	+ 3.6	- 3.3
Grain Mill Products	2.6	2.5	2.8	+ 4.0	- 7.1
Bakery Products	8.5	8.4	8.1	+ 1.2	+ 4.9
Beverages	6.7	6.7	6.8	0.0	- 1.5

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

June 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment June 1989	May[2] 1989	June 1988	Percent Change From: May 1989	June 1988
Tobacco Manufacturers	20.1	20.2	21.7	- 0.5	- 7.4
Cigarettes	17.2	17.0	18.7	+ 1.2	- 8.0
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	2.4	2.7	2.5	- 11.1	- 4.0
Textile Mill Products	221.4	220.7	223.1	+ 0.3	- 0.8
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	53.1	53.3	54.5	- 0.4	- 2.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	23.9	24.2	26.3	- 1.2	- 9.1
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	27.9	27.8	27.2	+ 0.4	+ 2.6
Knitting Mills	85.0	84.6	83.5	+ 0.5	+ 1.8
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	23.7	23.6	23.5	+ 0.4	+ 0.9
Hosiery, NEC	22.8	22.9	22.6	- 0.4	+ 0.9
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	16.5	16.3	15.4	+ 1.2	+ 7.1
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	6.0	6.0	6.3	0.0	- 4.8
Textile Finishing, except Wool	16.3	16.1	15.3	+ 1.2	+ 6.5
Yarn & Thread Mills	51.5	51.3	54.2	+ 0.4	- 5.0
Apparel & Other Textile Products	87.0	86.7	86.5	+ 0.3	+ 0.6
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	35.3	35.1	36.6	+ 0.6	- 3.6
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	30.2	30.1	30.0	+ 0.3	+ 0.7
Paper & Allied Products	21.7	21.4	21.9	+ 1.4	- 0.9
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	9.8	9.7	10.1	+ 1.0	- 3.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	8.1	8.0	8.1	+ 1.3	0.0
Printing & Publishing	30.2	30.1	29.4	+ 0.3	+ 2.7
Newspapers	10.9	10.8	10.5	+ 0.9	+ 3.8
Chemicals & Allied Products	42.4	42.2	41.0	+ 0.5	+ 3.4
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	13.7	13.7	13.2	0.0	+ 3.8
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	34.2	34.0	33.7	+ 0.6	+ 1.5
Other Nondurable Goods[4]	4.4	4.4	4.2	0.0	+ 4.8

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

June 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment June 1989	May[2] 1989	June 1988	Percent Change From: May 1989	June 1988
Nonmanufacturing	2,166.3	2,154.6	2,115.6	+ 0.5	+ 2.4
Mining	5.0	5.0	4.8	0.0	+ 4.2
Construction	153.6	161.2	168.7	+ 1.5	- 3.0
Transportation & Public Utilities	150.6	149.6	147.9	+ 0.7	+ 1.8
Transportation, except Railroad	90.5	89.9	86.3	+ 0.7	+ 4.9
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	56.4	56.0	57.8	+ 0.7	- 2.4
Wholesale & Retail Trade	693.4	692.0	677.8	+ 0.2	+ 2.3
Wholesale Trade	164.9	164.0	159.4	+ 0.5	+ 3.5
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	99.0	98.6	96.6	+ 0.4	+ 2.5
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	65.9	65.4	62.8	+ 0.8	+ 4.9
Retail Trade	528.5	528.0	518.4	+ 0.1	+ 1.9
General Merchandise Stores	74.8	74.6	70.7	+ 0.3	+ 5.8
Food Stores	87.5	87.6	85.1	- 0.1	+ 2.8
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	133.8	131.7	130.7	+ 1.6	+ 1.6
Service & Miscellaneous[4]	551.1	545.9	525.1	+ 1.0	+ 5.0
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	29.4	28.5	29.8	+ 3.2	- 1.3
Personal Services	32.5	32.3	31.2	+ 0.6	+ 4.2
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	14.2	14.1	13.9	+ 0.7	+ 2.2
Health Services	139.3	137.8	132.0	+ 1.1	+ 5.5
Hospitals	57.4	56.6	53.2	+ 1.4	+ 7.9
Legal Services	13.7	13.2	13.4	- 6.3	+ 0.9
Education Services	27.1	32.6	27.0	- 16.9	+ 0.4
Total Government	468.8	469.2	459.6	- 0.1	+ 2.0
Federal	54.8	54.8	53.7	0.0	+ 2.0
State	128.7	132.3	126.9	- 2.7	+ 1.4
Education	64.4	69.0	63.2	- 6.7	+ 1.2
Other	64.3	63.3	63.7	+ 1.6	+ 0.9
Local	285.3	282.1	279.0	+ 1.1	+ 2.3
Education	149.8	149.8	148.7	0.0	+ 0.7
Other	135.5	132.3	130.3	+ 2.4	+ 4.0

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table II

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

June 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1989	May[3] 1989	June[3] 1988	June 1989	May[3] 1989	June[3] 1988	June 1989	May[3] 1989	June[3] 1988
Manufacturing	$341.88	$339.80	$327.24	40.7	40.5	40.4	$8.40	$8.39	$8.10
Durable Goods	354.44	353.16	341.07	40.6	40.5	40.7	8.73	8.72	8.38
Lumber & Wood Products	311.54	305.31	292.44	41.1	40.6	40.9	7.58	7.52	7.15
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	300.00	300.20	292.70	40.0	39.5	41.4	7.50	7.60	7.07
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	338.73	335.77	309.68	42.5	41.3	39.4	7.97	8.13	7.86
Furniture & Fixtures	294.10	294.04	284.59	37.9	37.7	38.2	7.76	7.72	7.45
Household Furniture	291.82	288.02	282.30	37.8	37.6	38.2	7.72	7.66	7.39
Wood Household Furniture	282.46	276.86	273.78	38.8	38.4	39.0	7.28	7.21	7.02
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	380.26	389.69	367.57	40.8	41.5	41.3	9.32	9.39	8.90
Structural Clay Products	325.22	319.60	316.42	40.2	40.0	41.2	8.09	7.99	7.68
Primary Metal Industries	413.50	418.47	398.89	41.6	42.1	41.9	9.94	9.94	9.52
Fabricated Metal Industries	398.89	389.48	379.74	42.3	41.7	42.1	9.43	9.34	9.02
Machinery, exc. Electrical	403.85	401.29	382.50	43.1	42.6	42.5	9.37	9.42	9.00
Special Industry Machinery	376.24	378.07	373.18	41.3	41.5	42.6	9.11	9.11	8.76
Electrical Machinery	386.05	387.61	387.20	41.6	41.5	41.5	9.28	9.34	9.33
Household Appliances	298.58	290.60	269.43	42.9	42.3	38.6	6.96	6.87	6.98
Transportation Equipment	412.55	410.86	386.96	42.4	42.4	42.9	9.73	9.69	9.02
Nondurable Goods	334.15	332.11	318.38	40.8	40.6	40.2	8.19	8.18	7.92
Food & Kindred Products	305.66	301.15	285.76	40.7	40.1	39.8	7.51	7.51	7.18
Meat Products	265.86	260.70	233.32	40.1	39.5	38.0	6.63	6.60	6.14
Meat Packing Products	398.22	398.75	323.60	48.5	48.1	40.5	8.19	8.29	7.99

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

June 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1989	May[3] 1989	June[3] 1988	June 1989	May[3] 1989	June[3] 1988	June 1989	May[3] 1989	June[3] 1988
Dairy Products	342.32	318.00	325.31	44.0	42.4	44.2	7.78	7.50	7.36
Grain Mill Products	356.75	343.74	353.07	43.4	42.7	44.3	8.22	8.05	7.97
Bakery Products	334.54	340.23	342.77	41.2	41.9	42.9	8.12	8.12	7.99
Beverages	519.69	510.34	502.83	39.4	39.5	39.1	13.19	12.92	12.86
Tobacco Manufacturers	659.21	647.06	667.37	38.8	39.6	40.3	16.99	16.34	16.56
Cigarettes	719.65	719.98	724.46	38.9	40.2	40.7	18.50	17.91	17.80
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	272.22	257.37	240.59	37.6	36.3	37.3	7.24	7.09	6.45
Textile Mill Products	307.93	304.22	284.52	41.5	41.0	40.3	7.42	7.42	7.06
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	340.70	338.65	315.59	41.6	41.4	40.1	8.19	8.18	7.87
Weaving Mills, Cotton	337.02	327.22	292.84	41.2	40.1	37.4	8.18	8.16	7.83
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	342.74	346.14	335.75	41.9	42.3	42.5	8.18	8.19	7.90
Knitting Mills	281.76	273.74	262.54	40.6	39.5	39.9	6.94	6.93	6.58
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	246.65	241.39	232.71	38.6	37.6	37.9	6.39	6.42	6.14
Hosiery, NEC	275.53	260.45	255.60	40.4	38.7	40.0	6.82	6.73	6.39
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	322.91	312.83	297.56	42.6	41.6	41.1	7.58	7.52	7.24
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	354.04	347.65	349.68	45.1	44.4	46.5	7.85	7.83	7.52
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	331.34	332.98	296.94	43.2	43.3	40.4	7.67	7.69	7.35
Yarn & Thread Mills	306.91	306.07	279.45	42.1	42.1	40.5	7.29	7.27	6.90
Apparel & Other Textile Products	222.72	221.74	212.04	38.4	38.1	38.0	5.80	5.82	5.58
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	201.66	200.75	195.60	36.8	36.5	37.4	5.48	5.50	5.23
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	226.18	223.44	217.73	38.4	38.0	38.4	5.89	5.88	5.67

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS..

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

June 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1989	May[3] 1989	June[3] 1988	June 1989	May[3] 1989	June[3] 1988	June 1989	May[3] 1989	June[3] 1988
Paper & Allied Products	516.66	513.91	499.10	43.6	43.7	43.4	11.85	11.76	11.50
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	702.52	699.52	677.99	45.5	45.9	44.9	15.44	15.24	15.10
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	400.18	395.17	385.96	42.8	42.4	42.6	9.35	9.32	9.06
Printing & Publishing	370.36	383.94	359.68	38.3	39.5	38.8	9.67	9.72	9.27
Newspapers	290.02	296.59	298.92	31.8	32.7	33.7	9.12	9.07	8.87
Chemicals & Allied Products	483.99	481.57	466.34	44.2	44.1	43.1	10.95	10.92	10.82
Plastics & Synthetics	539.07	537.49	533.70	45.8	45.9	45.0	11.77	11.71	11.86
Rubber & Misc. Plastics Products	414.10	418.61	417.58	40.4	40.8	41.8	10.25	10.26	9.99
Mining	448.85	456.01	471.74	47.0	47.6	50.4	9.55	9.58	9.36
Comm. & Elec., Gas & Sanitary Services	550.13	562.28	530.72	43.8	44.1	42.8	12.56	12.75	12.40
Wholesale & Retail Trade	218.88	215.51	212.53	32.0	31.6	32.3	6.84	6.82	6.58
Wholesale Trade	352.13	346.37	336.73	39.3	38.7	39.2	8.96	8.95	8.59
Retail Trade	181.50	179.08	178.45	30.0	29.6	30.4	6.05	6.05	5.87
General Merchandise Stores	163.58	161.25	164.36	27.4	27.1	28.0	5.97	5.95	5.87
Food Stores	194.67	188.43	188.53	31.5	30.1	31.9	6.18	6.26	5.91
Services, Hotels & Other Lodging Places	145.29	148.18	145.83	29.0	29.4	29.7	5.01	5.04	4.91
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	219.57	216.04	204.86	35.3	35.3	35.2	6.22	6.12	5.82

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure I

Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina

June 1989

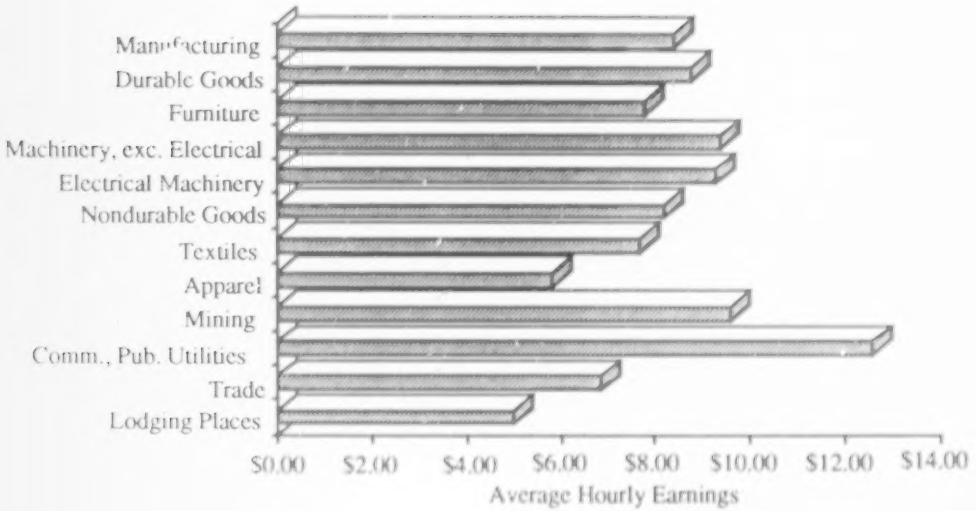


Figure II

Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Industries Compared to the North Carolina Average

June 1989

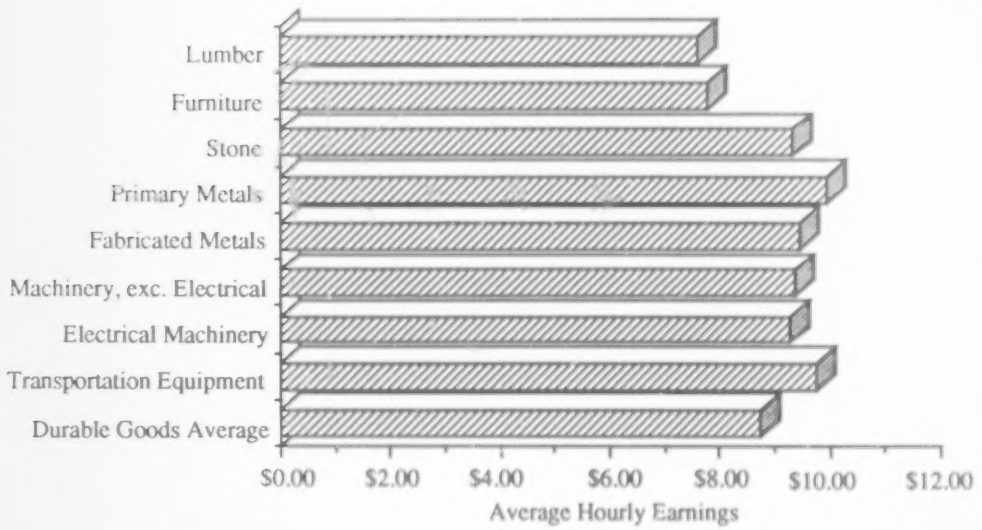


Table III

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

June 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	June 1989	May[2] 1989	June 1988	May 1989	June 1988
Manufacturing	682.6	680.6	684.6	+ 0.3	- 0.3
Durable Goods	264.8	265.0	266.2	- 0.1	- 0.5
Lumber & Wood Products	30.0	30.3	31.1	- 1.0	- 3.5
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	7.5	7.6	8.2	- 1.3	- 8.5
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	3.8	3.8	3.7	0.0	- 2.7
Furniture & Fixtures	75.3	75.0	78.1	+ 0.4	- 3.6
Household Furniture	67.0	66.9	69.9	+ 0.1	- 4.1
Wood Household Furniture	35.2	35.1	36.9	+ 0.3	- 4.6
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	17.4	17.3	17.0	+ 0.6	+ 2.4
Structural Clay Products	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	9.9	9.9	9.2	0.0	+ 7.6
Fabricated Metal Industries	22.8	22.7	22.4	+ 0.4	+ 1.8
Machinery, except Electrical	31.8	31.7	29.9	+ 0.3	+ 6.4
Special Industry Machinery	5.2	5.3	5.3	- 1.9	- 1.9
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	41.6	41.7	42.3	- 0.2	- 1.7
Household Appliances	5.2	5.3	4.8	- 0.1	+ 8.3
Transportation Equipment	22.2	22.6	22.3	- 1.8	- 0.7
Other Durable Goods[3]	13.8	13.8	13.9	0.0	- 0.7
Nondurable Goods	417.8	415.6	418.4	+ 0.5	- 0.1
Food & Kindred Products	37.0	36.4	37.1	+ 1.6	- 0.3
Meat Products	20.8	20.7	21.1	+ 0.5	- 1.4
Meat Packing Plants	1.8	1.8	1.6	0.0	+ 12.5
Dairy Products	1.6	1.6	1.7	0.0	- 5.9
Grain Mill Products	1.8	1.7	2.0	+ 5.9	- 10.0
Bakery Products	4.9	4.9	4.6	0.0	+ 6.5

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments and Miscellaneous Manufacturing.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table III

(Continued)

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

June 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	June 1989	May[2] 1989	June 1988	May 1989	June 1988
Beverages	2.8	2.7	2.8	+ 3.7	0.0
Tobacco Manufacturers	14.4	14.5	15.7	- 0.7	- 8.3
Cigarettes	12.3	12.1	13.8	+ 1.7	- 10.9
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	1.7	2.0	1.5	- 15.0	+ 13.3
Textile Mill Products	195.8	195.4	197.5	+ 0.2	- 0.9
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	47.4	47.7	48.9	- 0.6	- 3.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	21.2	21.5	23.5	- 1.4	- 9.8
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	25.1	25.1	24.5	0.0	+ 2.4
Knitting Mills	75.4	75.1	73.9	+ 0.4	+ 2.0
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	21.0	21.0	20.8	0.0	+ 1.0
Hosiery, NEC	20.7	20.7	20.4	0.0	+ 1.5
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	14.4	14.2	13.4	+ 1.4	+ 7.5
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	5.2	5.2	5.5	0.0	- 5.5
Textile Finishing, except Wool	13.8	13.6	13.0	+ 1.5	+ 6.2
Yarn & Thread Mills	46.6	46.4	49.0	+ 0.4	- 4.9
Apparel & Other Textile Products	75.7	75.2	75.3	+ 0.7	+ 0.5
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	26.4	26.2	25.9	+ 0.8	+ 1.9
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	30.5	30.2	31.9	+ 1.0	- 4.4
Paper & Allied Products	16.5	16.2	16.6	+ 1.9	- 0.6
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	7.0	6.9	7.1	+ 1.4	- 1.4
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	6.3	6.2	6.3	+ 1.6	0.0
Printing & Publishing	18.8	18.6	18.3	+ 1.1	+ 2.7
Newspapers	4.3	4.2	4.1	+ 2.4	+ 4.9
Chemicals & Allied Products	27.8	27.7	26.7	+ 0.4	+ 4.1
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	10.0	10.1	9.6	- 1.0	+ 4.2
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	28.0	27.9	27.6	+ 0.4	+ 1.4
Other Nondurable Goods[3]	3.8	3.7	3.6	+ 2.7	+ 5.6

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION
OF NORTH CAROLINA
RALEIGH, N. C. 27611

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State Labor Summary:
North Carolina

July 1989

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State Labor Summary: North Carolina July 1989

HIGHLIGHTS

North Carolina's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in July 1989 was 3.4 percent, dropping 0.3 from the June 1989 rate of 3.6. In July 1988 the state's unemployment rate was 3.2. For the nation, the adjusted unemployment rate was 5.2 in July . The national rate was 5.3 in June.

The civilian labor force for North Carolina in July was estimated at 3,444,000, a monthly decline of 19,000 from the June estimate of 3,463,000. From July 1988, the civilian labor force saw an increase of 98,000 people.

Employment, seasonally adjusted for July, moved downward to 3,327,000 from 3,339,000 in June for a decline of 12,000 workers. The number employed in July 1989 was 87,000 greater than in July 1988, for an increase of about 2.7 percent. The number of persons unemployed declined by 7,000 in July (117,000) from (124,000) June. From a year ago (106,000), the unemployed estimate was up by 11,000.

In July, North Carolina's seasonally adjusted industry employment reached 3,022.900, an increase of 5,100 from the prior month's estimate of 3,017,800. An over-the-month gain of 3,400 occurred in nonmanufacturing and 1,700 in manufacturing. In manufacturing, both gains and losses were small throughout. Employment gains in nonmanufacturing were most significant in the services industry (+1,600) and (+2,800) in local education .

From July 1988-July 1989 a total of 54,000 employees were added to industry payrolls. Manufacturing employment increased by 4,000, to a level of 866,400 as employment in nonmanufacturing was increasing by 47,200 to a level of 2,120,500. The manufacturing gain was in the durable goods industries, except for knitting mills (+1,900). Gains of 1,100 workers occurred in the fabricated metal products, and 4,200 in machinery, exc. electrical. The remaining nondurable goods industries produced a mixed bag of changes.

There were 19,953 persons placed in jobs through the Employment Security Commission in July 1989. Of these, 6,074 were placed in manufacturing industries. More than 4,331 persons founds jobs in the service industry, while 1,898 individuals were placed in the trade industry. By occupational category, 2,719 individuals were employed in packaging and material handling; 1,840 in bench work; 2,675 in services, except domestic; and 1,343 in machine trades.

Production workers in North Carolina's manufacturing industries earned $8.42 an hour in July. The average hours worked were 40.2, and average weekly earnings amounted to $338.48. There was an increase of $ .29 an hour in average hourly earnings from July 1988 . Workers in cigarette manufacturing were the highest hourly wage earners at $18.48. In nonmanufacturing, the average hourly earnings were highest among workers in communications and public utilities at $13.22.

The number of production workers in North Carolina's manufacturing industries declined by 3,600, from 683,600 in June to 680,000 in July. Most of this decline was in durable goods (+2,800). The largest over-the-month loser was in textiles (-2,200). From July of last year, manufacturing gained 500 production workers. This gain occurred throughout the manufacturing sector.

Table 1

Employment Status of the North Carolina Civilian Population

July 1989

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: February 1989 through July 1989					
	July 1988	Feb. 1989	Mar. 1989	Apr. 1989	May 1989	June 1989	July 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,917	4,975	4,983	4,991	5,000	5,006	5,014
Civilian Labor Force	3,346	3,390	3,415	3,478	3,467	3,463	3,444
Participation Rate[1]	68.0	68.1	68.5	69.7	69.3	69.2	68.9
Employed	3,240	3,283	3,311	3,330	3,340	3,339	3,327
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	65.9	66.0	66.4	66.7	66.8	66.7	66.4
Unemployed	106	107	104	148	127	124	117
Unemployment Rate	3.2	3.2	3.0	4.3	3.7	3.6	3.4
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]							

Not Seasonally Adjusted	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: May 1989 through July 1989		
	July 1988	May 1989	June 1989	July 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,917	5,000	5,006	5,014
Civilian Labor Force	3,430	3,441	3,489	3,528
Participation Rate[1]	69.8	68.8	69.7	70.4
Employed	3,321	3,324	3,358	3,409
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	67.5	66.5	67.1	68.0
Unemployed	109	118	131	119
Unemployment Rate	3.2	3.4	3.7	3.4
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.4

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Table 2

Employment Status of the United States Civilian Population

July 1989

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: February 1989 through July 1989					
	July 1988	Feb. 1989	Mar. 1989	Apr. 1989	May 1989	June 1989	July 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	184,729	185,777	185,897	186,024	186,181	186,329	186,483
Civilian Labor Force	121,658	123,181	123,264	123,659	123,610	124,102	123,956
Participation Rate[1]	65.9	66.3	66.3	66.5	66.4	66.6	66.5
Employed	115,034	116,853	117,136	117,113	117,215	117,541	117,459
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	62.3	62.9	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.1	63.0
Unemployed	6,624	6,328	6,128	6,546	6,395	6,561	6,497
Unemployment Rate	5.4	5.1	5.0	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.2
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: May 1989 through July 1989		
	July 1988	May 1989	June 1989	July 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	184,729	186,181	186,329	186,483
Civilian Labor Force	123,888	123,196	125,569	126,238
Participation Rate[1]	67.1	66.2	67.4	67.7
Employed	117,066	117,039	118,719	119,502
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	63.4	62.9	63.7	64.1
Unemployed	6,823	6,156	6,850	6,736
Unemployment Rate	5.5	5.0	5.5	5.3
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.1

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Figure 1

A Comparison of Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Seasonally Adjusted)

July 1988-July 1989

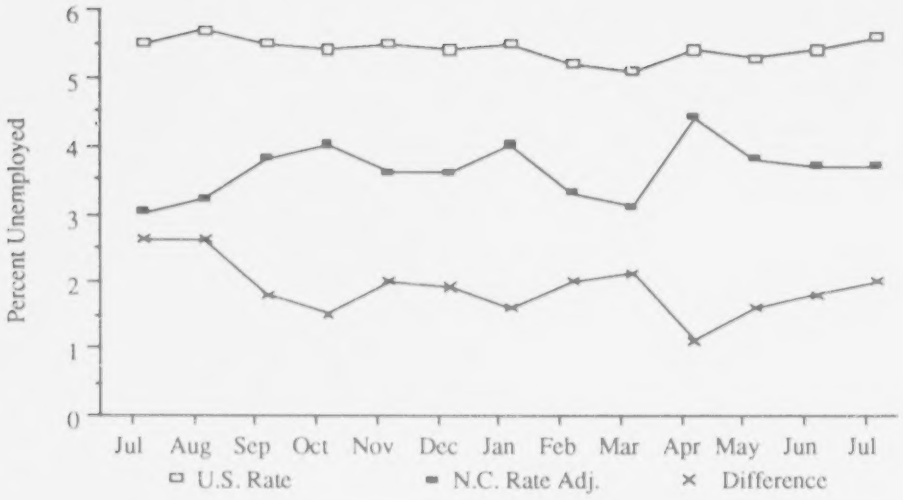

Figure 2

North Carolina Unemployment Rates (Adjusted and Unadjusted)

July 1988-July 1989

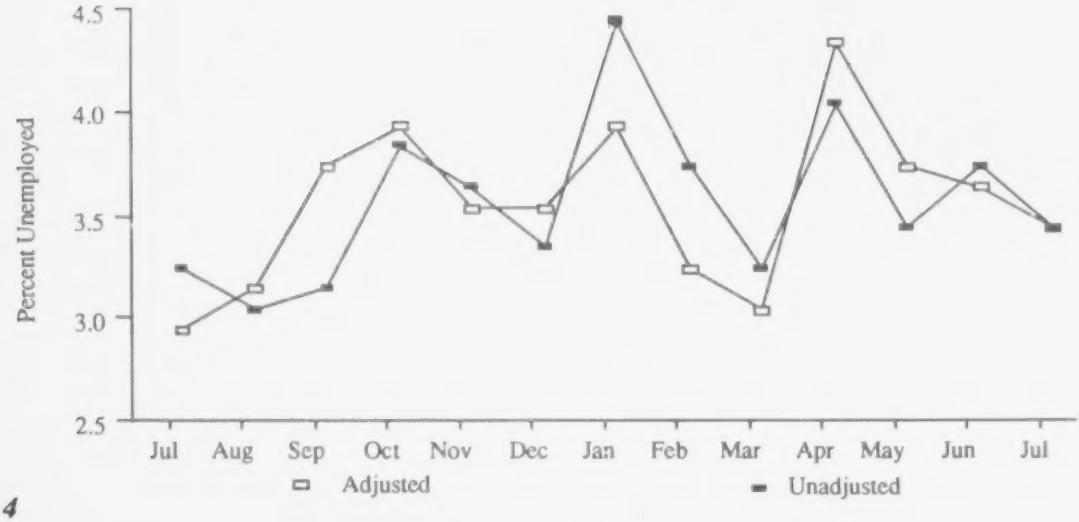

Table 3

Industry Employment in North Carolina

July 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment			Change From:			
	July 1989	June[2] 1989	July 1988	June 1989 Net	June 1989 Percent	July 1988 Net	July 1988 Percent
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force [3]	3,527.7	3,489.2	3,430.2	+ 38.5	+ 1.1	+ 97.5	+ 2.8
Employment, Total	3,408.8	3,358.4	3,320.9	+ 50.4	+ 1.5	+ 87.9	+ 2.6
Unemployment, Total	118.9	130.8	109.3	- 11.9	- 9.1	+ 9.6	+ 8.8
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	3.4	3.7	3.2	- 0.3	xxx	+ 0.2	xxx
(Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force[3]	3,444.0	3,463.0	3,346.0	- 19.0	- 0.5	+ 98.0	+ 2.9
Employment, Total	3,327.0	3,339.0	3,240.0	- 12.0	- 0.4	+ 87.0	+ 2.7
Unemployment, Total	117.0	124.0	106.0	- 7.0	- 5.6	+ 11.0	+ 10.4
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	3.4	3.6	3.2	- 0.2	xxx	+ 0.2	xxx
Total Nonagricultural Employment	3,022.9	3,017.8	2,968.6	+ 5.1	+ 0.2	+ 54.3	+ 1.8
Manufacturing	869.8	868.1	865.5	+ 1.7	+ 0.2	+ 4.3	+ 0.5
Durable Goods	356.3	355.5	353.8	+ 0.8	+ 0.2	+ 2.5	+ 0.7
Lumber & Wood Products	35.8	35.8	36.5	0.0	0.0	- 0.7	- 1.9
Sawmills & Planing Mills	12.0	11.9	12.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.8	- 0.1	- 0.8
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.0	8.9	9.3	+ 0.1	+ 1.1	- 0.3	- 3.2
Wood Bldgs. & Mobile Homes	4.4	4.5	4.5	- 0.1	- 2.2	- 0.1	- 2.2
Furniture & Fixtures	87.8	87.1	89.6	+ 0.7	+ 0.8	- 1.8	- 2.0
Household Furniture	77.8	77.1	79.8	+ 0.7	+ 0.9	- 2.0	- 2.5
Wood Household Furniture	39.7	39.0	40.9	+ 0.7	+ 1.8	- 1.2	- 2.9
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.4	32.5	32.9	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.5	- 1.5

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households
[8]Less than .05 percent

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

July 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment			Change From:			
				June 1989		July 1988	
	July 1989	June[2] 1989	July 1988	Net	Percent	Net	Percent
Stone, Clay & Glass	21.6	21.7	21.2	- 0.1	- 0.5	+ 0.4	+ 1.9
Structural Clay Products	2.6	2.7	2.7	- 0.1	- 3.7	- 0.1	- 3.7
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Prods.	5.9	5.9	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Products	12.9	13.0	12.2	- 0.1	- 0.8	+ 0.7	+ 5.7
Fabricated Metal Products	31.2	31.1	30.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.3	+ 1.1	+ 3.7
Fab. Struct. Metal Products	9.7	9.7	9.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Machinery, exc. Electrical	63.4	63.2	59.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.3	+ 4.2	+ 7.1
Special Industry Machinery	7.9	7.8	7.9	+ 0.1	+ 1.3	0.0	0.0
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	57.5	58.0	59.2	- 0.5	- 0.9	- 1.7	- 2.9
Household Appliances	6.1	6.0	5.6	+ 0.1	+ 1.7	+ 0.5	+ 8.9
Transportation Equipment	27.7	27.0	27.3	+ 0.7	+ 2.6	+ 0.4	+ 1.5
Other Durable Goods[4]	18.4	18.6	18.5	- 0.2	- 1.1	- 0.1	- 0.5
Nondurable Goods	513.5	512.6	511.7	+ 0.9	+ 0.2	+ 1.8	+ 0.4
Food & Kindred Products	51.9	51.4	51.5	+ 0.5	+ 1.0	+ 0.4	+ 0.8
Meat Products	24.2	23.9	23.8	+ 0.3	+ 1.3	+ 0.4	+ 1.7
Meat Packing Products	2.6	2.5	2.3	+ 0.1	+ 4.0	+ 0.3	+ 13.0
Dairy Products	2.9	2.9	3.1	0.0	0.0	- 0.2	- 6.5
Grain Mill Products	2.6	2.6	2.8	0.0	0.0	- 0.2	- 7.1
Bakery Products	8.6	8.5	8.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.2	+ 0.5	+ 6.2
Beverages	6.5	6.6	6.6	- 0.1	- 1.5	- 0.1	- 1.5
Tobacco Manufacturers	22.2	21.5	23.1	+ 0.7	+ 3.3	- 0.9	- 3.9
Cigarettes	16.9	16.8	18.3	+ 0.1	+ 0.6	- 1.4	- 7.7
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	5.0	4.6	4.2	+ 0.4	+ 8.7	+ 0.8	+ 19.0
Textile Mill Products	220.7	220.5	220.7	+ 0.2	+ 0.1	0.0	0.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	53.5	53.4	54.3	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	- 0.8	- 1.5
Weaving Mills, Cotton	24.2	24.2	26.1	0.0	0.0	- 1.9	- 7.3
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	28.3	28.0	27.3	+ 0.3	+ 1.1	+ 1.0	+ 3.7

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households
*Less than .05 percent.

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

July 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment July 1989	June[2] 1989	July 1988	Change From: June 1989 Net	June 1989 Percent	July 1988 Net	July 1988 Percent
Knitting Mills	84.0	83.8	82.1	+ 0.2	+ 0.2	+ 1.9	+ 2.3
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	23.5	23.5	22.7	0.0	0.0	+ 0.8	+ 3.5
Hosiery, NEC	22.6	22.5	22.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.4	+ 0.4	+ 1.8
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	16.5	16.3	15.3	+ 0.2	+ 1.2	+ 1.2	+ 7.8
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	5.6	5.9	6.1	- 0.3	- 5.1	- 0.5	- 8.2
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	16.6	16.4	15.5	+ 0.2	+ 1.2	+ 1.1	+ 7.1
Yarn & Thread Mills	51.3	51.4	53.8	- 0.1	- 0.2	- 2.5	- 4.6
Apparel & Other Textile Products	87.0	87.0	86.3	0.0	0.0	+ 0.7	+ 0.8
Men's & Boy's Suits, Coats & Furnishings	30.5	30.2	30.2	+ 0.3	+ 1.0	+ 0.3	+ 1.0
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	34.8	35.1	36.1	- 0.3	- 0.9	- 1.3	- 3.6
Paper & Allied Products	21.2	21.5	21.6	- 0.3	- 1.4	- 0.4	- 1.9
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	9.8	9.7	10.0	+ 0.1	+ 1.0	- 0.2	- 2.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	7.9	8.1	8.0	- 0.2	- 2.5	- 0.1	- 1.3
Printing & Publishing	30.0	30.2	29.9	- 0.2	- 0.7	+ 0.1	+ 0.3
Newspapers	10.9	10.8	10.7	+ 0.1	+ 0.9	+ 0.2	+ 1.9
Chemicals & Allied Products	42.2	42.2	40.7	0.0	0.0	+ 1.5	+ 3.7
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	13.5	13.7	13.2	- 0.2	- 1.5	+ 0.3	+ 2.3
Rubber & Misccellaneous Plastics Products	33.9	33.9	33.6	0.0	0.0	+ 0.3	+ 0.9
Other Nondurable Goods[5]	4.4	4.4	4.3	0.0	0.0	+ 0.1	+ 2.3
Nonmanufacturing	2,153.1	2,149.7	2,103.1	+ 3.4	+ 0.2	+ 50.0	+ 2.4
Mining	4.9	5.0	4.8	- 0.1	- 2.0	+ 0.1	+ 2.1
Construction	159.2	159.5	164.2	- 0.3	- 0.2	- 5.0	- 3.0
Transportation	149.6	150.2	147.5	- 0.6	- 0.4	+ 2.1	+ 1.4
Transportation, exc. Railroad	90.1	90.2	86.5	- 0.1	- 0.1	+ 3.6	+ 4.2
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	56.1	55.9	57.4	+ 0.2	+ 0.4	- 1.3	- 2.3

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[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
*Less than .05 percent

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

July 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment			Change From:			
				June 1989		July 1988	
	July 1989	June[2] 1989	July 1988	Net	Percent	Net	Percent
Wholesale and Retail Trade	692.8	693.1	678.1	- 0.3	*	+ 14.7	+ 2.2
Wholesale Trade	164.8	165.3	159.4	- 0.5	- 0.3	+ 5.4	+ 3.4
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	98.5	98.9	96.1	- 0.4	- 0.4	+ 2.4	+ 2.5
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	66.3	66.4	63.3	- 0.1	- 0.2	+ 3.0	+ 4.7
Retail Trade	528.0	527.8	518.7	+ 0.2	*	+ 9.3	+ 1.8
General Merchandise Stores	77.2	76.8	72.7	+ 0.4	+ 0.5	+ 4.5	+ 6.2
Food Stores	87.4	87.1	85.2	+ 0.3	+ 0.3	+ 2.2	+ 2.6
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	132.3	132.2	130.5	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.8	+ 1.4
Service & Miscellaneous[6]	547.9	546.3	522.4	+ 1.6	+ 0.3	+ 25.5	+ 4.9
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	26.5	27.3	27.2	- 0.8	- 2.9	- 0.7	- 2.6
Personal Services	32.8	32.5	31.5	+ 0.3	+ 0.9	+ 1.3	+ 4.1
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	14.3	14.2	14.0	+ 0.1	+ 0.7	+ 0.3	+ 2.1
Total Government	466.4	463.4	455.6	+ 3.0	+ 0.6	+ 10.8	+ 2.4
Federal	55.3	55.3	53.5	0.0	0.0	+ 1.8	+ 3.4
State	133.8	133.4	131.3	+ 0.4	+ 0.3	+ 2.5	+ 1.9
Education	70.4	69.8	68.9	+ 0.6	+ 0.9	+ 1.5	+ 2.2
Other	63.4	63.6	62.4	- 0.2	- 0.3	+ 1.0	+ 1.6
Local	277.3	274.7	270.8	+ 2.6	+ 0.9	+ 6.5	+ 2.4
Education	144.6	141.8	142.9	+ 2.8	+ 2.0	+ 1.7	+ 1.2
Other	132.7	132.9	127.9	- 0.2	- 0.2	+ 4.8	+ 3.8
All Other Nonag. Employment[7]	259.1	263.0	274.9	- 3.9	- 1.5	- 15.8	- 5.7
Agriculture	51.8	54.9	59.9	- 3.1	- 5.6	- 8.1	- 13.5

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[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
*Less than .05 percent.

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure 3

Composition of Nonagricultural Employment in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

July 1989

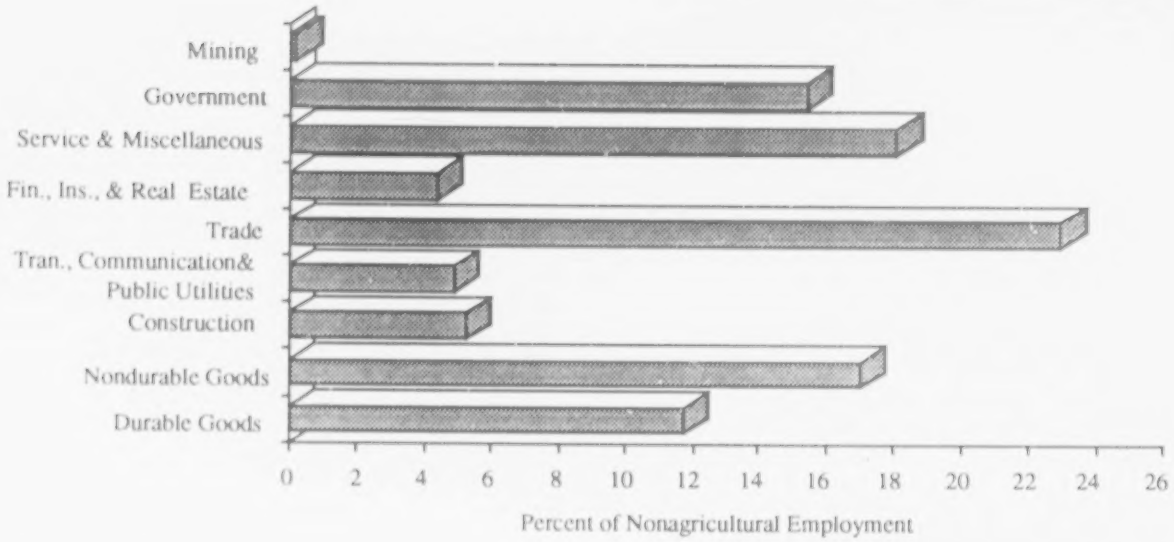


Figure 4

Employment Levels in Major Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

July 1989

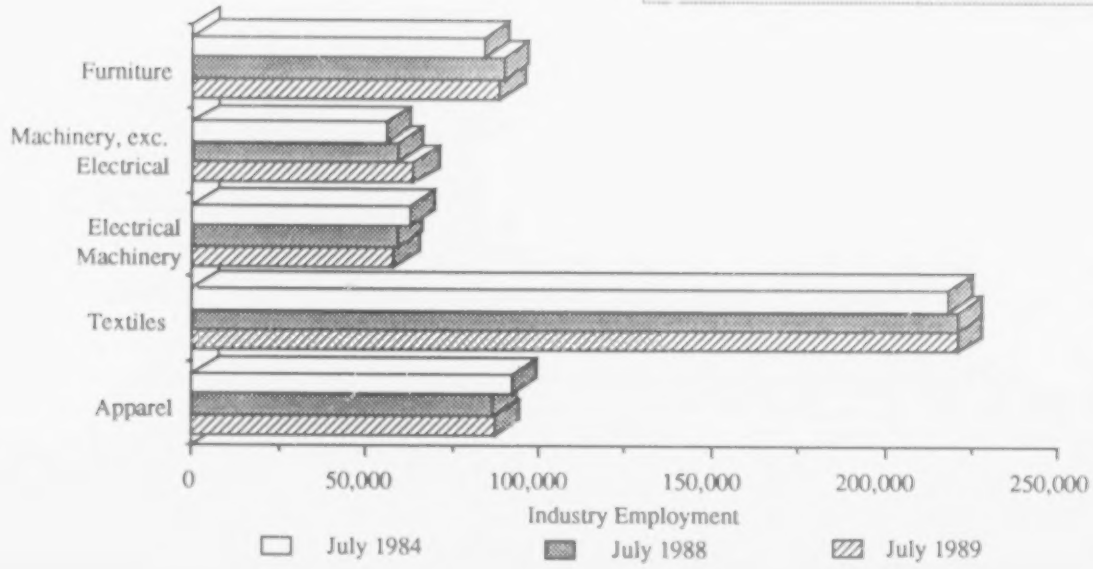


Table 4

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions July 1989[1]

Occupational Categories and Divisions	Total Individuals Placed[2]	Total Individuals Placed In Regular Jobs[2, 3]	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishery	Mining	Construction
Total	19,953	17,088	1,328	13	1,348
Professional, Technical & Managerial Occupations	589	585	1	0	8
Clerical Occupations	2,384	2,360	7	3	30
Sales Occupations	363	359	0	0	10
Domestic Service Occupations	122	78	2	0	0
Other Service Occupations	2,765	2,742	3	1	17
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishery & Related Occupations	4,181	1,613	1,261	0	19
Processing Occupations	1,549	1,540	4	8	4
Machine Trade Occupations	1,343	1,341	5	0	46
Benchwork Occupations	1,840	1,833	6	0	6
Structural Work Occupations	1,846	1,797	9	1	1,130
Motor Freight & Transportation Occupations	369	362	2	0	46
Packaging & Materials Handling Occupations	2,719	2,553	28	0	38
Miscellaneous Occupations	135	133	0	0	0

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1989 to June 30, 1990.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Table 4
(Continued)

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions July 1989[1]

Manufacturing	Transportation & Utilities	Wholesale & Retail Trade	Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	Services	Public Administration	Government
6,074	558	1,898	164	4,331	1,533	2,820
54	8	57	12	191	255	341
194	178	456	105	917	474	845
12	3	281	3	50	0	4
0	0	0	2	74	0	4
85	32	668	18	1,439	486	1,025
36	0	4	8	158	127	231
1,453	0	59	0	12	0	0
1,124	7	53	0	104	3	10
1,635	1	12	0	177	0	5
268	19	29	14	199	137	216
30	97	97	0	53	39	42
1,131	211	185	1	955	9	98
99	2	1	1	24	6	7

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1989 to June 30, 1990.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Figure 5

A Comparison of Insured Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

July 1988-July 1989

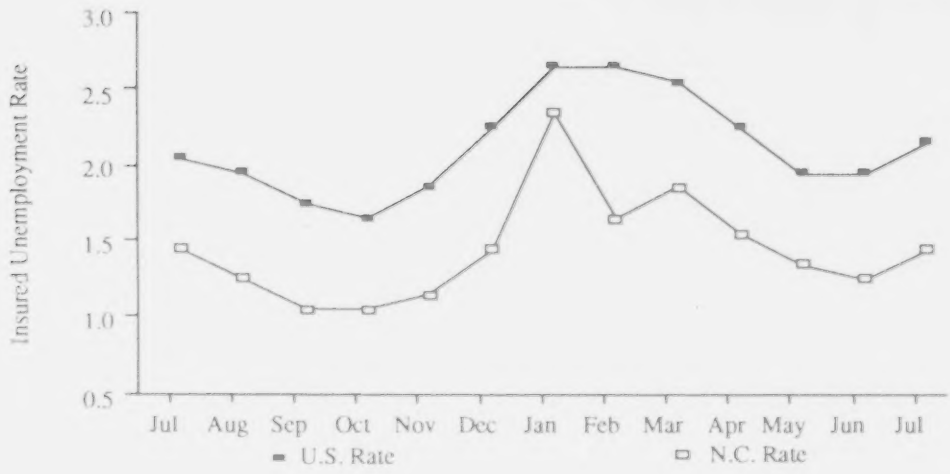
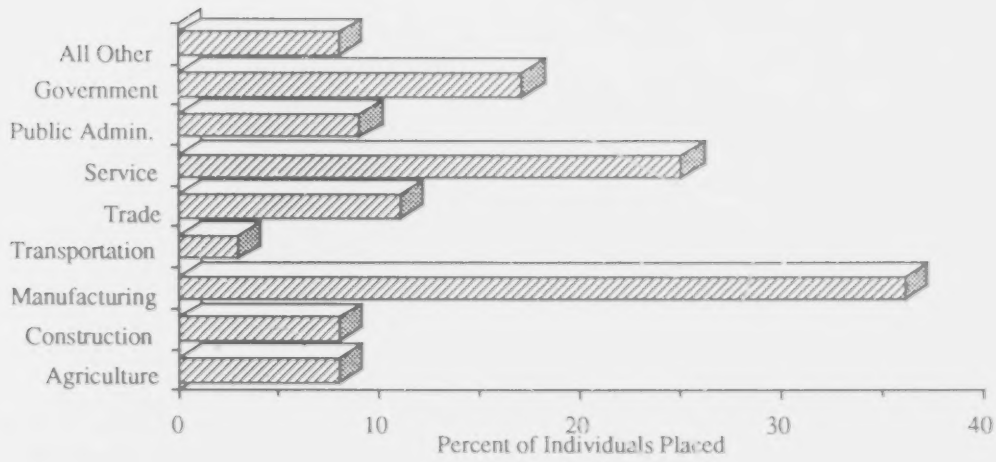


Figure 6

Individuals Placed in Jobs through the Employment Security Commission by Major Industrial Category

July 1989



Appendix

Table I — *Detailed Industry Employment (not seasonally adjusted) in North Carolina*

Table II — *Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-Supervisory Workers in North Carolina*

Figure I — *Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina*

Figure II — *Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Compared to the North Carolina Average*

Table III — *Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina*

Table I

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

July 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment July 1989	June[2] 1989	July 1988	Percent Change From: June 1989	July 1988
Total Nonagricultural Employment	2,986.9	3,038.1	2,932.9	+ 1.7	+ 1.8
Manufacturing	866.4	870.4	861.9	+ 0.5	+ 0.5
Durable Goods	355.6	356.2	353.0	+ 0.2	+ 0.7
Lumber & Wood Products	36.1	36.0	36.8	+ 0.3	- 1.9
Sawmills & Planing Mills	12.1	12.1	12.2	0.0	- 0.8
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.2	9.1	9.5	+ 1.1	- 3.2
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	4.4	4.5	4.5	- 2.2	- 2.2
Furniture & Fixtures	86.0	86.7	87.7	- 0.8	- 1.9
Household Furniture	76.0	76.7	78.0	- 0.9	- 2.6
Wood Household Furniture	38.8	38.9	39.9	- 0.3	- 2.8
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.9	32.4	32.5	- 1.2	- 1.5
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	21.9	21.9	21.5	0.0	+ 1.9
Structural Clay Products	2.7	2.8	2.8	- 3.6	- 3.6
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Products	6.0	6.0	6.0	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	13.0	13.0	12.3	0.0	+ 5.7
Fabricated Metal Industries	31.3	31.1	30.2	+ 0.6	+ 3.6
Fabricated Structural Metal Products	9.9	9.8	9.9	+ 1.0	0.0
Machinery, except Electrical	63.4	63.3	59.2	+ 0.2	+ 7.1
Special Industry Machinery	7.8	7.9	7.8	- 1.3	0.0
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	57.7	58.2	59.4	- 0.9	- 2.9
Household Appliances	6.2	6.0	5.7	+ 3.3	+ 8.8
Transportation Equipment	27.7	27.3	27.3	+ 1.5	+ 1.5
Other Durable Goods[3]	18.5	18.7	18.6	- 1.1	- 0.5
Nondurable Goods	510.8	514.2	508.9	- 0.7	+ 0.4
Food & Kindred Products	52.8	52.2	52.4	+ 1.1	+ 0.8
Meat Products	24.3	24.0	23.9	+ 1.3	+ 1.7
Meat Packing Plants	2.6	2.5	2.3	+ 4.0	+ 13.0
Dairy Products	2.9	2.9	3.1	0.0	- 6.5
Grain Mill Products	2.6	2.6	2.8	0.0	- 7.1
Bakery Products	8.6	8.5	8.1	+ 1.2	+ 6.2
Beverages	6.7	6.8	6.8	- 1.5	- 1.5

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

July 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment July 1989	June[2] 1989	July 1988	Percent Change From: June 1989	July 1988
Tobacco Manufacturers	20.5	20.2	21.4	+ 1.5	- 4.2
Cigarettes	17.3	17.2	18.7	+ 0.6	- 7.5
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	2.7	2.5	2.3	+ 8.0	+ 17.4
Textile Mill Products	219.2	221.8	219.1	- 1.2	0.0
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	53.2	53.5	54.0	- 0.6	- 1.5
Weaving Mills, Cotton	24.0	24.1	25.9	- 0.4	- 7.3
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	27.9	28.1	27.0	- 0.7	+ 3.3
Knitting Mills	84.2	84.9	82.3	- 0.8	+ 2.3
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	23.5	23.7	22.7	- 0.8	+ 3.5
Hosiery, NEC	22.8	22.8	22.4	0.0	+ 1.8
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	16.5	16.5	15.3	0.0	+ 7.8
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	5.6	6.0	6.1	- 6.7	- 8.2
Textile Finishing, except Wool	15.9	16.4	14.8	- 3.0	+ 7.4
Yarn & Thread Mills	50.3	51.5	52.8	- 2.3	- 4.7
Apparel & Other Textile Products	86.2	87.1	85.6	- 1.0	+ 0.7
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	34.7	35.3	36.0	- 1.7	- 3.6
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	30.2	30.3	29.9	- 0.3	+ 1.0
Paper & Allied Products	21.3	21.6	21.7	- 1.4	- 1.8
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	9.8	9.8	10.0	0.0	- 2.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	7.9	8.1	8.0	- 2.5	- 1.3
Printing & Publishing	29.8	30.2	29.7	- 1.3	+ 0.3
Newspapers	10.8	10.9	10.6	- 1.3	+ 0.3
Chemicals & Allied Products	42.6	42.6	41.0	0.0	+ 3.9
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	13.6	13.7	13.3	- 0.7	+ 2.3
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	34.0	34.1	33.7	- 0.3	+ 0.9
Other Nondurable Goods[4]	4.4	4.4	4.3	0.0	+ 2.3

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

July 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment			Percent Change From:	
	July 1989	June[2] 1989	July 1988	June 1989	July 1988
Nonmanufacturing	2,120.5	2,167.7	2,071.0	- 2.2	+ 2.4
Mining	5.0	5.0	4.9	0.0	+ 2.0
Construction	164.9	163.6	170.1	+ 0.8	- 3.1
Transportation & Public Utilities	149.9	150.5	147.8	- 0.4	+ 1.4
Transportation, except Railroad	89.7	90.4	86.1	- 0.8	+ 4.2
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	56.5	56.4	57.9	+ 0.2	- 2.4
Wholesale & Retail Trade	695.3	693.7	680.8	+ 0.2	+ 2.1
Wholesale Trade	165.2	164.8	159.9	+ 0.2	+ 3.3
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	99.2	98.9	96.8	+ 0.3	+ 2.5
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	66.0	65.9	63.1	+ 0.2	+ 4.6
Retail Trade	530.1	528.9	520.9	+ 0.2	+ 1.8
General Merchandise Stores	74.7	75.0	70.3	- 0.4	+ 6.3
Food Stores	88.3	87.7	86.0	+ 0.7	+ 2.7
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	134.4	133.8	132.5	+ 0.4	+ 1.4
Service & Miscellaneous[5]	555.0	551.2	529.1	+ 0.7	+ 4.9
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	29.5	29.3	30.3	+ 0.7	- 2.6
Personal Services	32.4	32.4	31.1	0.0	+ 4.2
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	14.3	14.2	14.0	+ 0.7	+ 2.1
Health Services	140.3	139.4	132.9	+ 0.6	+ 5.6
Hospitals	58.2	57.6	53.6	+ 1.0	+ 8.6
Legal Services	13.8	13.7	13.4	+ 0.7	+ 3.0
Education Services	25.7	27.2	25.5	- 5.5	+ 0.8
Total Government	416.0	469.9	405.8	- 11.5	+ 2.5
Federal	55.6	55.5	53.8	+ 0.2	+ 3.3
State	120.7	129.1	118.5	- 6.5	+ 1.9
Education	56.0	64.4	54.8	- 13.0	+ 2.2
Other	64.7	64.7	63.7	- 0.0	+ 1.6
Local	239.7	285.3	233.5	- 16.0	+ 2.7
Education	102.8	150.0	101.5	- 31.5	+ 1.3
Other	136.9	135.3	132.0	+ 1.2	+ 3.7

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table II

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

July 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	July 1989	June[3] 1989	July[3] 1988	July 1989	June[3] 1989	July[3] 1988	July 1989	June[3] 1989	July[3] 1988
Manufacturing	$338.48	$342.29	$325.20	40.2	40.7	40.0	$8.42	$8.41	$8.13
Durable Goods	351.68	354.84	339.76	40.1	40.6	40.4	8.77	8.74	8.41
Lumber & Wood Products	306.53	309.20	289.58	40.6	40.9	40.5	7.55	7.56	7.15
Sawmills & Planing	298.98	300.98	280.03	40.9	41.1	41.0	7.31	7.32	6.83
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	302.44	308.91	295.40	39.9	40.7	41.2	7.58	7.59	7.17
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	327.64	327.85	302.57	40.7	41.5	39.5	8.05	7.90	7.66
Furniture & Fixtures	290.60	294.88	283.86	37.4	38.0	38.0	7.77	7.76	7.47
Household Furniture	288.73	292.59	281.96	37.4	37.9	38.0	7.72	7.72	7.42
Wood Household Furniture	279.97	282.46	269.25	38.3	38.8	38.3	7.31	7.28	7.03
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	382.32	380.66	365.89	40.5	40.8	40.7	9.44	9.33	8.99
Structural Clay Products	318.35	324.82	320.12	39.4	40.2	41.2	8.08	8.08	7.77
Primary Metal Industries	424.00	415.33	401.28	42.4	41.7	41.8	10.00	9.96	9.60
Fabricated Metal Industries	395.62	393.12	380.22	41.6	41.6	42.2	9.51	9.45	9.01
Machinery, exc. Electrical	387.19	407.89	381.97	40.8	43.3	42.3	9.49	9.42	9.03
Special Industry Machinery	381.89	383.72	366.13	41.6	41.8	41.7	9.18	9.18	8.78
Electrical Machinery	386.37	387.71	383.35	41.5	41.6	41.0	9.31	9.32	9.35
Household Appliances	284.00	293.94	292.73	41.4	42.6	41.7	6.86	6.90	7.02
Transportation Equipment	407.40	409.63	386.48	42.0	42.1	42.8	9.70	9.73	9.03
Nondurable Goods	330.06	334.56	315.22	40.3	40.8	39.7	8.19	8.20	7.94
Food & Kindred Products	317.77	306.23	287.23	42.2	40.4	39.4	7.53	7.58	7.29
Meat Products	276.20	264.27	227.55	41.8	39.8	37.0	6.61	6.64	6.15
Meat Packing Products	368.55	378.61	332.80	45.5	46.8	41.6	8.10	8.12	8.24

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

July 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	July 1989	June[3] 1989	July[3] 1988	July 1989	June[3] 1989	July[3] 1988	July 1989	June[3] 1989	July[3] 1988
Dairy Products	339.27	331.44	327.08	44.7	43.1	44.5	7.59	7.69	7.35
Grain Mill Products	357.03	354.96	358.40	43.7	43.5	44.8	8.17	8.16	8.00
Bakery Products	341.90	333.73	355.97	41.9	41.1	43.2	8.16	8.12	8.24
Beverages	577.26	535.74	550.86	41.8	40.1	41.7	13.81	13.36	13.21
Tobacco Manufacturers	623.65	659.74	647.11	37.1	38.9	39.7	16.81	16.96	16.30
Cigarettes	687.46	723.84	696.14	37.2	39.0	40.1	18.48	18.56	17.36
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	256.13	274.12	253.72	36.8	38.5	37.7	6.96	7.12	6.73
Textile Mill Products	300.85	308.35	280.25	40.6	41.5	39.7	7.41	7.43	7.06
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	332.52	342.36	310.44	40.7	41.7	39.8	8.17	8.21	7.80
Weaving Mills, Cotton	335.38	336.20	291.40	41.1	41.0	37.6	8.16	8.20	7.75
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	328.85	346.04	327.71	40.3	42.2	41.8	8.16	8.20	7.84
Knitting Mills	277.60	281.76	260.83	40.0	40.6	39.4	6.94	6.94	6.62
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	244.72	251.66	232.75	38.0	39.2	37.3	6.44	6.42	6.12
Hosiery, NEC	266.17	273.48	257.75	39.2	40.1	39.9	6.79	6.82	6.46
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	326.47	322.15	289.67	42.9	42.5	40.4	7.61	7.58	7.17
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	331.58	342.32	343.79	43.4	44.4	45.9	7.64	7.71	7.49
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	311.30	331.78	292.13	40.8	43.2	39.8	7.63	7.68	7.34
Yarn & Thread Mills	299.11	306.49	273.14	41.2	42.1	39.7	7.26	7.28	6.88
Apparel & Other Textile Products	219.24	222.14	207.76	37.8	38.3	37.3	5.80	5.80	5.57
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	200.02	201.66	192.62	36.5	36.8	36.9	5.48	5.48	5.22
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	218.63	225.97	208.05	37.5	38.3	36.5	5.83	5.90	5.70

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS..

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

July 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	July 1989	June[3] 1989	July[3] 1988	July 1989	June[3] 1989	July[3] 1988	July 1989	June[3] 1989	July[3] 1988
Paper & Allied Products	532.97	518.28	502.27	44.6	43.7	43.6	11.95	11.86	11.52
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	720.85	708.86	668.39	46.9	46.0	44.5	15.37	15.41	15.02
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	412.22	395.59	402.60	43.3	42.4	44.0	9.52	9.33	9.15
Printing & Publishing	365.53	370.74	358.27	37.8	38.3	38.4	9.67	9.68	9.33
Newspapers	292.16	290.33	298.70	32.0	31.8	33.3	9.13	9.13	8.97
Chemicals & Allied Products	479.37	487.48	465.91	43.7	44.6	43.1	10.97	10.93	10.81
Plastics & Synthetics	540.0	532.54	539.72	45.0	45.4	45.7	12.00	11.73	11.81
Rubber & Misc. Plastics Products	409.54	407.38	421.26	39.8	39.9	42.0	10.29	10.21	10.03
Mining	473.84	451.70	461.34	48.9	47.2	49.5	9.69	9.57	9.32
Comm. & Elec., Gas & Sanitary Services	554.55	562.99	537.46	43.7	44.4	43.1	12.69	12.68	12.47
Wholesale & Retail Trade	219.93	219.89	213.53	32.2	32.1	32.6	6.83	6.85	6.55
Wholesale Trade	352.19	353.19	334.46	39.0	39.2	38.8	9.04	9.01	8.62
Retail Trade	182.71	182.41	179.56	30.3	30.1	30.8	6.03	6.06	5.83
General Merchandise Stores	171.63	166.43	165.84	28.7	27.6	28.3	5.98	6.03	5.86
Food Stores	190.34	194.37	189.15	31.0	31.4	32.5	6.14	6.19	5.82
Services, Hotels & Other Lodging Places	141.22	144.07	145.42	28.3	28.7	29.8	4.99	5.02	4.88
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	213.00	218.86	203.93	34.3	35.3	34.8	6.21	6.20	5.86

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure I

Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina

July 1989

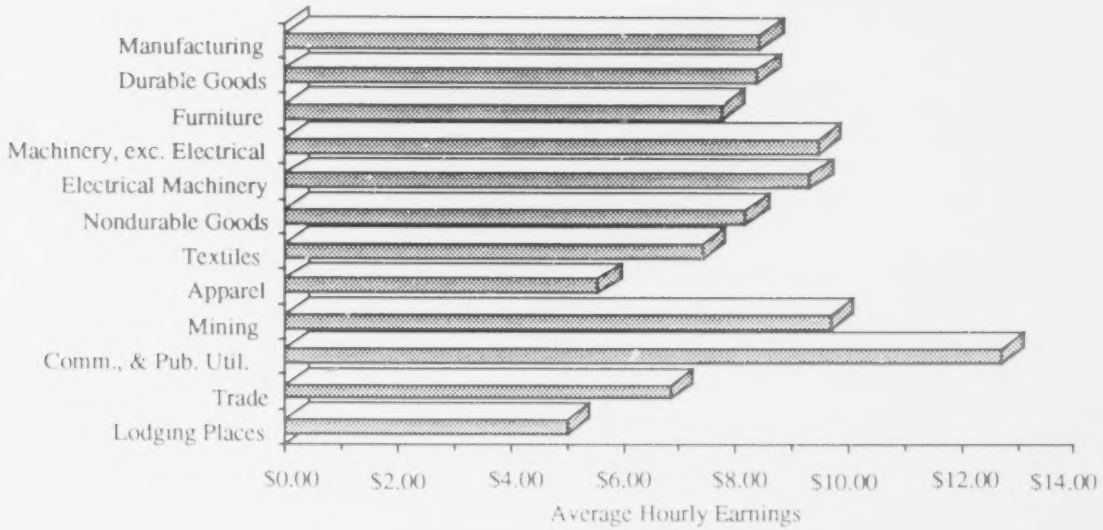


Figure II

Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Industries Compared to the North Carolina Average

July 1989

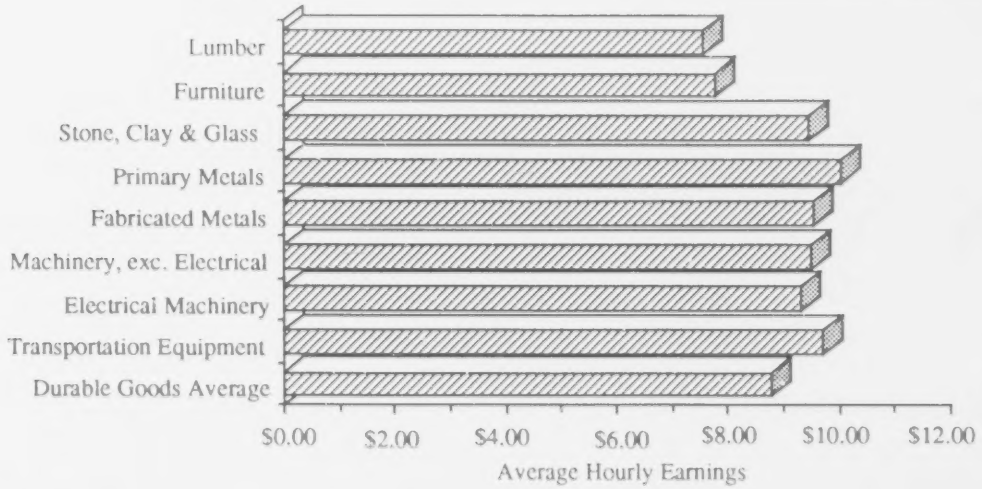


Table III

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

July 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	July 1989	June[2] 1989	July 1988	June 1989	July 1988
Manufacturing	680.0	683.6	679.5	- 0.5	+ 0.1
Durable Goods	264.6	265.4	265.4	- 0.3	- 0.3
Lumber & Wood Products	30.1	30.1	31.1	0.0	- 3.2
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	7.7	7.6	8.1	+ 1.3	- 4.9
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	3.6	3.7	3.7	- 2.7	- 2.7
Furniture & Fixtures	74.7	75.4	76.6	- 0.9	- 2.5
Household Furniture	66.5	67.1	68.6	- 0.9	- 3.1
Wood Household Furniture	35.0	35.1	36.1	- 0.3	- 3.0
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	17.4	17.5	17.1	- 0.6	+ 1.8
Structural Clay Products	2.1	2.2	2.2	- 4.5	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	9.9	9.9	9.3	0.0	+ 6.5
Fabricated Metal Industries	23.0	22.8	22.5	+ 0.9	+ 2.2
Machinery, except Electrical	31.8	31.8	30.0	0.0	+ 6.0
Special Industry Machinery	5.1	5.2	5.3	- 1.9	- 3.8
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	41.3	41.8	42.6	- 1.2	- 3.1
Household Appliances	5.5	5.3	5.1	+ 3.8	+ 7.8
Transportation Equipment	22.6	22.2	22.2	+ 1.8	+ 1.8
Other Durable Goods[3]	13.8	13.9	14.0	- 0.7	- 1.4
Nondurable Goods	415.4	418.2	414.1	- 0.7	+ 0.3
Food & Kindred Products	37.8	37.2	37.6	+ 1.6	+ 0.5
Meat Products	21.3	21.0	21.2	+ 1.4	+ 0.5
Meat Packing Plants	1.9	1.8	1.6	+ 5.6	+ 18.8
Dairy Products	1.6	1.6	1.7	0.0	- 5.9
Grain Mill Products	1.8	1.8	2.0	0.0	- 10.0
Bakery Products	4.9	4.9	4.6	0.0	+ 6.5

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments and Miscellaneous Manufacturing.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table III

(Continued)

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

July 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	July 1989	June[2] 1989	July 1988	June 1989	July 1988
Beverages	2.8	2.8	2.8	0.0	0.0
Tobacco Manufacturers	14.6	14.4	15.6	+ 1.4	- 6.4
Cigarettes	12.4	12.3	13.8	+ 0.8	- 10.1
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	1.8	1.7	1.4	+ 5.9	+ 28.6
Textile Mill Products	193.7	195.9	194.0	- 1.1	- 0.2
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	47.4	47.7	48.4	- 0.6	- 2.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton	21.3	21.3	23.2	0.0	- 8.2
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	25.0	25.3	24.3	- 1.2	+ 2.9
Knitting Mills	74.8	75.2	73.2	- 0.5	+ 2.2
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	20.9	21.0	20.1	- 0.5	+ 4.0
Hosiery, NEC	20.6	20.6	20.4	0.0	+ 1.0
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	14.5	14.4	13.3	+ 0.7	+ 9.0
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	4.9	5.2	5.4	- 5.8	- 9.3
Textile Finishing, except Wool	13.4	13.9	12.5	- 3.6	+ 7.2
Yarn & Thread Mills	45.5	46.5	47.6	- 2.2	- 4.4
Apparel & Other Textile Products	75.0	75.7	74.4	- 0.9	+ 0.8
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	26.4	26.4	25.8	0.0	+ 2.3
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	29.9	30.5	31.3	- 2.0	- 4.5
Paper & Allied Products	16.2	16.4	16.2	- 1.2	0.0
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	7.0	7.0	7.0	0.0	0.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	6.2	6.3	6.1	- 1.6	+ 1.6
Printing & Publishing	18.5	18.8	18.5	- 1.6	0.0
Newspapers	4.2	4.3	4.1	- 2.3	+ 2.4
Chemicals & Allied Products	28.0	28.1	26.7	- 0.4	+ 4.9
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	10.0	10.1	9.6	- 1.0	+ 4.2
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	27.8	27.9	27.5	- 0.4	+ 1.1
Other Nondurable Goods[3]	3.8	3.8	3.6	0.0	+ 5.6

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

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